

Program Verification using Separation Logic

Lecture 3 :

Frame Rule and Interprocedural Analysis

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Proving about Procedure Calls

$$\{P\}f()\{Q\} \vdash \{P\}y=f()\{Q[y/\text{ret}]\}$$

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- Spec for create_list:

$\{\text{emp}\}$

`create_list()`

$\{\text{ls}(\text{ret}, 0)\}$

- Verification of the caller program:

$\{\text{emp}\}$

`w=create_list();`

`x=create_list();`

`y=create_list();`

`z=create_list()`

$\{\text{ls}(w, 0) * \text{ls}(x, 0) * \text{ls}(y, 0) * \text{ls}(z, 0)\}$

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**Preconditions
do not match.**

- Verification of the caller program:

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w=create_list();

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{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0) * ls(y,0) * ls(z,0)}

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{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0)}

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Yes, the same
problem. Third times!

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Yes, the same
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- 1) Need 4 Hoare triple for create_list.
- 2) A static analyzer should keep a table of size 4.
- 3) However, one triple should be enough.

{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0) * ls(y,0) * ls(z,0)}

Goal of Lecture 3

- Understand the frame rule and how the rule helps us to solve our problem.
- Can describe the basic ideas of an interprocedural analysis and the optimization based on the frame rule.

Frame Rule

Language with Simple Procedures

$\text{ret} \in \text{Vars}$

$C ::= \dots \mid \text{local } x.C \mid x = f(\vec{E}) \mid \text{let } f(\vec{x}) = C \text{ in } C$

- Call-by-value procedures as in Java.
- Returning a value is done by the assignment to `ret`.
- Procedures do not access any global vars.

```
let alloc2() =  
  local t1, t2.  
    t1 = new(1); *t1 = 0;  
    t2 = new(1); *t2 = t1;  
    ret = t2  
in  
  x = alloc2();  
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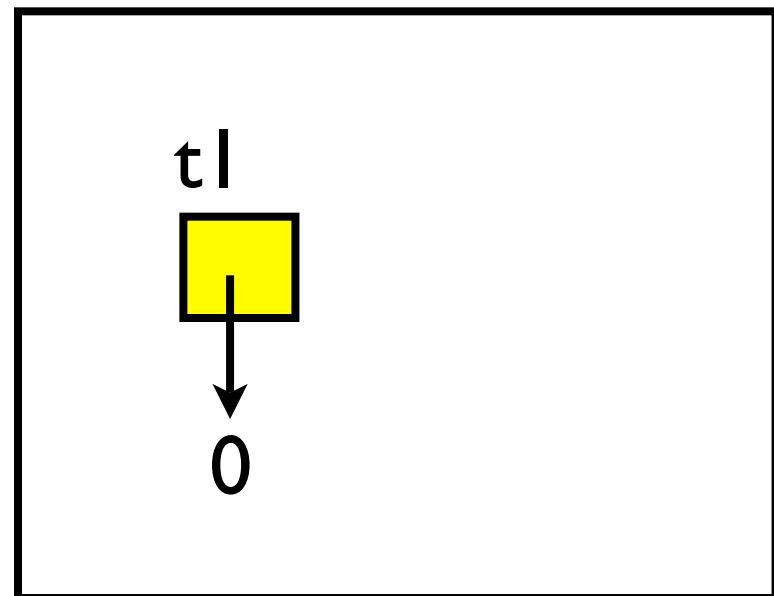
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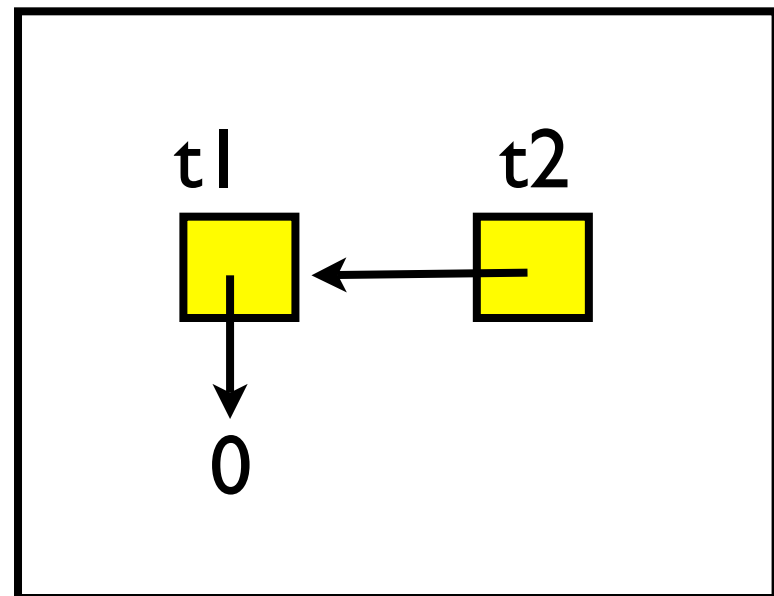
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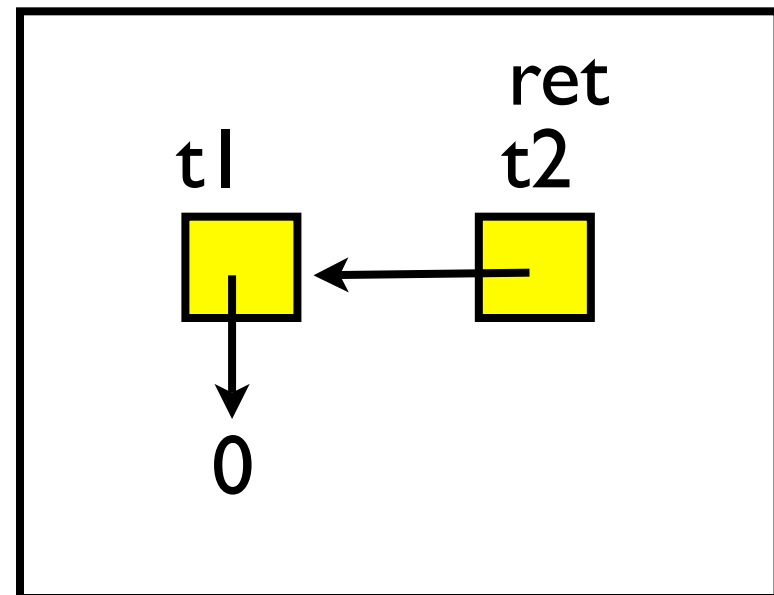
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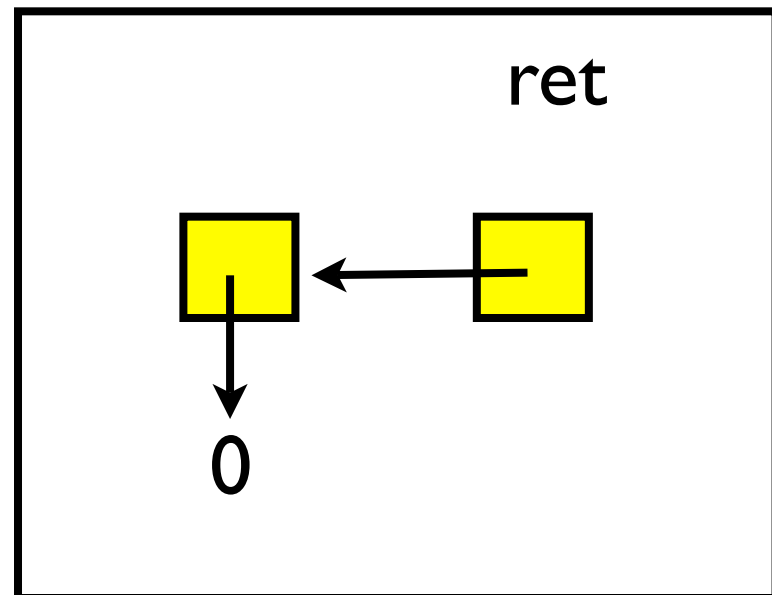
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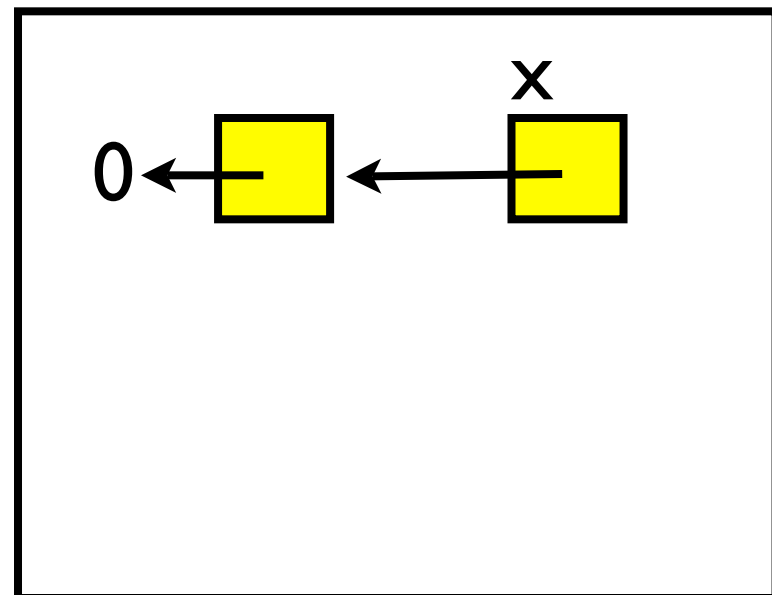
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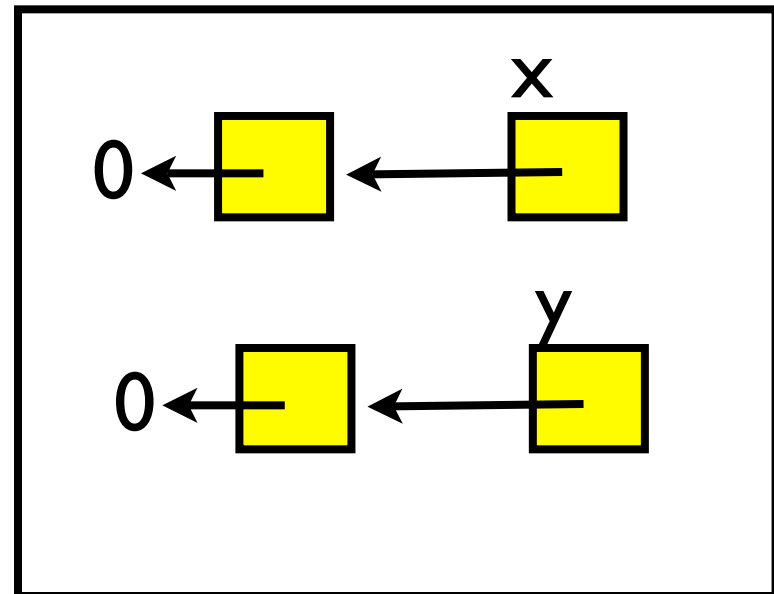
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$C ::= \dots \mid \text{local } x.C \mid x=f(\vec{E}) \mid \text{let } f(\vec{x})=C \text{ in } C$

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Proof Rules for Local Vars. and Proc.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}C\{Q\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}\text{local } x.C\{Q\}} \quad x \notin \text{FV}(P, Q) \qquad \frac{}{\Gamma, \{P\}f(x)\{Q\} \vdash \{P[E/x]\}y=f(E)\{Q[y/\text{ret}]\}}$$

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in

    x=alloc2();

    y=alloc2()
    { $\exists x'y'. x \mapsto x' * x' \mapsto 0 * y \mapsto y' * y' \mapsto 0$ }
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    {ret=t2 ∧ t2↦t1 * t1↦0}

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Proof Rules for Local Vars. and Proc.

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$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{P_i\}C\{Q_i\} \quad \Gamma, \{P_0\}f(x)\{Q_0\}, \dots, \{P_n\}f(x)\{Q_n\} \vdash \{P\}D\{Q\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}\text{let } f(x)=C \text{ in } D\{Q\}} \quad x \notin \text{FV}(Q_i)$$

● E.g.

```

{emp}
  let alloc2() =
    {emp}
    local t1, t2.
    {emp}
    t1=new(1); *t1=0;
    {t1↦0}
    t2=new(1); *t2=t1;
    {t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
    ret=t2
    {ret=t2 ∧ t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
    {ret=t2 ∧ ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
    {∃t1. ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
  in
  {emp}
  x=alloc2();
  {∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0}
  y=alloc2()
  {∃x'y'. x↦x' * x'↦0 * y↦y' * y'↦0}
  
```

Proof Rules for Local Vars. and Proc.

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    ret=t2
    {ret=t2 ∧ t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
    {ret=t2 ∧ ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
    {∃t1. ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
  in
  {emp}
  x=alloc2();
  {∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0}
  y=alloc2()
  {∃x'y'. x↦x' * x'↦0 * y↦y' * y'↦0}
  
```

Cannot
apply the
rule!

Proof Rules for Local Vars. and Proc.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}C\{Q\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}\text{local } x.C\{Q\}} \quad x \notin \text{FV}(P, Q) \qquad \frac{}{\Gamma, \{P\}f(x)\{Q\} \vdash \{P[E/x]\}y=f(E)\{Q[y/\text{ret}]\}}$$

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● E.g.

```

{emp}
let alloc2() =
  {emp}
  local t1, t2.
  {emp}
  t1=new(1); *t1=0;
  {t1↦0}
  t2=new(1); *t2=t1;
  {t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  ret=t2
  {ret=t2 ∧ t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {ret=t2 ∧ ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {∃t1. ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
in
{emp}
  x=alloc2();
  {∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0}
  y=alloc2()
  {∃x'y'. x↦x' * x'↦0 * y↦y' * y'↦0}
  
```

$\{\exists x'. x \mapsto x' * x' \mapsto 0\}$

$\{\exists x't_1. x \mapsto x' * x' \mapsto 0 * \text{ret} \mapsto t_1 * t_1 \mapsto 0\}$

Proof Rules for Local Vars. and Proc.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}C\{Q\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}\text{local } x.C\{Q\}} \quad x \notin \text{FV}(P, Q) \qquad \frac{}{\Gamma, \{P\}f(x)\{Q\} \vdash \{P[E/x]\}y=f(E)\{Q[y/\text{ret}]\}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{P_i\}C\{Q_i\} \quad \Gamma, \{P_0\}f(x)\{Q_0\}, \dots, \{P_n\}f(x)\{Q_n\} \vdash \{P\}D\{Q\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}\text{let } f(x)=C \text{ in } D\{Q\}} \quad x \notin \text{FV}(Q_i)$$

● E.g.

```

{emp}
let alloc2() =
  {emp}                                { $\exists x'. x \mapsto x' * x' \mapsto 0$ }
  local  $t_1, t_2$ .
  {emp}
   $t_1 = \text{new}(1); *t_1 = 0;$ 
  { $t_1 \mapsto 0$ }
   $t_2 = \text{new}(1); *t_2 = t_1;$ 
  { $t_2 \mapsto t_1 * t_1 \mapsto 0$ }
  ret =  $t_2$ 
  { $\text{ret} = t_2 \wedge t_2 \mapsto t_1 * t_1 \mapsto 0$ }
  { $\text{ret} = t_2 \wedge \text{ret} \mapsto t_1 * t_1 \mapsto 0$ }
  { $\exists t_1. \text{ret} \mapsto t_1 * t_1 \mapsto 0$ }    { $\exists x' t_1. x \mapsto x' * x' \mapsto 0 * \text{ret} \mapsto t_1 * t_1 \mapsto 0$ }
in
{emp}
 $x = \text{alloc2}();$ 
{ $\exists x'. x \mapsto x' * x' \mapsto 0$ }
 $y = \text{alloc2}();$ 
{ $\exists x' y'. x \mapsto x' * x' \mapsto 0 * y \mapsto y' * y' \mapsto 0$ }
    
```

Frame Rule

$$\frac{\{P\}C\{Q\}}{\{P * R\}C\{Q * R\}} \text{Modifies}(C) \cap \text{FV}(R) = \emptyset$$

- Means that R can be added as an invariant.
- * and err-avoiding triple take care of the heap access of C, and the side cond. takes care of the stack access.

Frame Rule

$$\frac{\{P\}C\{Q\}}{\{P * R\}C\{Q * R\}} \quad \text{Modifies}(C) \cap \text{FV}(R) = \emptyset$$

- Means that R can be added as an invariant

- * and e of C, an

ccess
access.

```

{emp}
let alloc2() =
  {emp}
  local t1, t2.
  {emp}
  t1=new(1); *t1=0;
  {t1↦0}
  t2=new(1); *t2=t1;
  {t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  ret=t2
  {ret=t2 ∧ t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {ret=t2 ∧ ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {∃t1. ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
in
{emp}
x=alloc2();
{∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0}
y=alloc2()
{∃x'y'. x↦x' * x'↦0 * y↦y' * y'↦0}
    
```

Frame Rule

$$\frac{\{P\}C\{Q\}}{\{P * R\}C\{Q * R\}} \quad \text{Modifies}(C) \cap \text{FV}(R) = \emptyset$$

- Means that R can be added as an invariant

- * and e of C, an

ccess
access.

```
{emp}
let alloc2() =
  {emp}
  local t1, t2.
  {emp}
  t1=new(1); *t1=0;
  {t1↦0}
  t2=new(1); *t2=t1;
  {t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  ret=t2
  {ret=t2 ∧ t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {ret=t2 ∧ ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {∃t1. ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
```

in

```
{emp}
```

```
x=alloc2();
```

```
{∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0}
```

```
y=alloc2()
```

```
{∃x'y'. x↦x' * x'↦0 * y↦y' * y'↦0}
```

```
{emp}
y=alloc2()
{∃y'. y↦y' * y'↦0}
```

Frame Rule

$$\frac{\{P\}C\{Q\}}{\{P * R\}C\{Q * R\}} \quad \text{Modifies}(C) \cap \text{FV}(R) = \emptyset$$

- Means that R can be added as an invariant

- * and e of C, an

ccess
access.

```

{emp}
let alloc2() =
  {emp}
  local t1, t2.
  {emp}
  t1=new(1); *t1=0;
  {t1↦0}
  t2=new(1); *t2=t1;
  {t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  ret=t2
  {ret=t2 ∧ t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {ret=t2 ∧ ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {∃t1. ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
in
{emp}
x=alloc2();
{∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0}
y=alloc2()
{∃x'y'. x↦x' * x'↦0 * y↦y' * y'↦0}
    
```

```

{emp * (∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0)}
{emp}
y=alloc2()
{∃y'. y↦y' * y'↦0}
{(∃y'. y↦y' * y'↦0) * (∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0)}
    
```

Frame Rule

$$\frac{\{P\}C\{Q\}}{\{P * R\}C\{Q * R\}} \quad \text{Modifies}(C) \cap \text{FV}(R) = \emptyset$$

- Means that R can be added as an invariant

- * and e of C, an

ccess
access.

```
{emp}
let alloc2() =
  {emp}
  local t1, t2.
  {emp}
  t1=new(1); *t1=0;
  {t1↦0}
  t2=new(1); *t2=t1;
  {t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  ret=t2
  {ret=t2 ∧ t2↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {ret=t2 ∧ ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
  {∃t1. ret↦t1 * t1↦0}
in
{emp}
```

```
x=alloc2();
{∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0}
y=alloc2()
{∃x'y'. x↦x' * x'↦0 * y↦y' * y'↦0}
```

```
{∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0}
{emp * (∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0)}
{emp}
y=alloc2()
{∃y'. y↦y' * y'↦0}
{(∃y'. y↦y' * y'↦0) * (∃x'. x↦x' * x'↦0)}
{∃x'y'. x↦x' * x'↦0 * y↦y' * y'↦0}
```

Frame Rule and Local Reasoning

$$\frac{\{P\}C\{Q\}}{\{P * R\}C\{Q * R\}} \quad \text{Modifies}(C) \cap \text{FV}(R) = \emptyset$$

- Local reasoning means that the verification of a prog. fragment should focus on what's accessed by the frag.
- The frame rule supports local reasoning.
- This support of local reasoning is the reason that sep. logic has been successful.

Example Again

- Spec for create_list:

{emp}

create_list()

{ls(ret,0)}

- Verification of the caller program:

{emp}

w=create_list();

{ls(w,0)}

x=create_list();

y=create_list();

z=create_list()

Example Again

- Spec for create_list:

{emp}

create_list()

{ls(ret,0)}

- Verification of the caller program:

{emp}

w=create_list();

{ls(w,0)}

x=create_list();

{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0)}

y=create_list();

z=create_list()

Example Again

- Spec for create_list:

{emp}

create_list()

{ls(ret,0)}

- Verification of the caller program:

{emp}

w=create_list();

{ls(w,0)}

x=create_list();

{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0)}

y=create_list();

{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0) * ls(y,0)}

z=create_list()

Example Again

- Spec for create_list:

{emp}

create_list()

{ls(ret,0)}

- Verification of the caller program:

{emp}

w=create_list();

{ls(w,0)}

x=create_list();

{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0)}

y=create_list();

{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0) * ls(y,0)}

z=create_list()

{ls (w,0) * ls (x,0) * ls(y,0) * ls(z,0)}

Frame Rule and Interprocedural Analysis

Review: Analysis Algorithm

- Run a given program with symbolic heaps.
- Collect all the obtained sym. heaps at each program point.
- Repeat until we cannot get any new sym. heaps.

Interprocedural Analysis

- For each procedure, create a table that records all the past analysis results.
- Table for `create_list()`:

Precond.	Postcondition
emp	$\text{ret} = 0 \wedge \text{emp}, \quad \text{ret} \mapsto 0, \quad \text{Is ret 0}$
...	...

- Use the table whenever possible.
- Assume non-recursive procedures in this lecture.

Creation of 2 Lists

```
let create_list() = {...}
```

in

emp

```
x=create_list();
```

```
y=create_list();
```

Creation of 2 Lists

```
let create_list() = {...}
```

emp

in

emp

```
x=create_list();
```

```
y=create_list();
```

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp

ret=0 $\wedge$ emp, ret $\mapsto$ 0, ls(ret,0)

in

emp

x=create_list();

y=create_list();

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp

ret=0 $\wedge$ emp, ret $\mapsto$ 0, ls(ret,0)

in

emp

x=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ emp

y=create_list();

x $\mapsto$ 0

ls(x,0)

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp	ret=0 $\wedge$ emp, ret $\mapsto$ 0, ls(ret,0)
x $\mapsto$ 0	
ls x 0	

in

emp

x=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ emp

x $\mapsto$ 0

ls(x,0)

y=create_list();

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp	ret=0 $\wedge$ emp,	ret $\mapsto$ 0,	ls(ret,0)
x $\mapsto$ 0	ret=0 $\wedge$ x $\mapsto$ 0,	x $\mapsto$ 0 * ret $\mapsto$ 0,	x $\mapsto$ 0 * ls(ret,0)
ls x 0	ret=0 $\wedge$ ls(x,0),	ls(x,0) * ret $\mapsto$ 0,	ls(x,0) * ls(ret,0)

in

emp

x=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ emp

y=create_list();

x $\mapsto$ 0

ls(x,0)

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp	$\text{ret}=0 \wedge \text{emp},$	$\text{ret} \mapsto 0,$	$\text{ls}(\text{ret}, 0)$
$x \mapsto 0$	$\text{ret}=0 \wedge x \mapsto 0,$	$x \mapsto 0 * \text{ret} \mapsto 0,$	$x \mapsto 0 * \text{ls}(\text{ret}, 0)$
$\text{ls } x \ 0$	$\text{ret}=0 \wedge \text{ls}(x, 0),$	$\text{ls}(x, 0) * \text{ret} \mapsto 0,$	$\text{ls}(x, 0) * \text{ls}(\text{ret}, 0)$

in

emp

x=create_list();

$x=0 \wedge \text{emp}$

$x \mapsto 0$

$\text{ls}(x, 0)$

y=create_list();

$x=0 \wedge y=0 \wedge \text{emp}$

$x=0 \wedge y \mapsto 0$

.....

$x \mapsto 0 * y \mapsto 0$

.....

$\text{ls}(x, 0) * \text{ls}(y, 0)$

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp	ret=0 $\wedge$ emp,	ret $\mapsto$ 0,	ls(ret,0)
x $\mapsto$ 0	ret=0 $\wedge$ x $\mapsto$ 0,	x $\mapsto$ 0 * ret $\mapsto$ 0,	x $\mapsto$ 0 * ls(ret,0)
ls x 0	ret=0 $\wedge$ ls(x,0),	ls(x,0) * ret $\mapsto$ 0,	ls(x,0) * ls(ret,0)

3 entries, 9 results

in

emp

x=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ emp

x $\mapsto$ 0

ls(x,0)

y=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ y=0 $\wedge$ emp

x=0 $\wedge$ y $\mapsto$ 0

.....

x $\mapsto$ 0*y $\mapsto$ 0

.....

ls(x,0)*ls(y,0)

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp	ret=0 $\wedge$ emp,	ret $\mapsto$ 0,	ls(ret,0)
x $\mapsto$ 0	ret=0 $\wedge$ x $\mapsto$ 0,	x $\mapsto$ 0 * ret $\mapsto$ 0,	x $\mapsto$ 0 * ls(ret,0)
ls x 0	ret=0 $\wedge$ ls(x,0),	ls(x,0) * ret $\mapsto$ 0,	ls(x,0) * ls(ret,0)

in 3 entries, 9 results

emp

The verifier constructs proofs of two Hoare triples for create_list unnecessarily.

y=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ y=0 $\wedge$ emp

x=0 $\wedge$ y $\mapsto$ 0

.....

x $\mapsto$ 0*y $\mapsto$ 0

.....

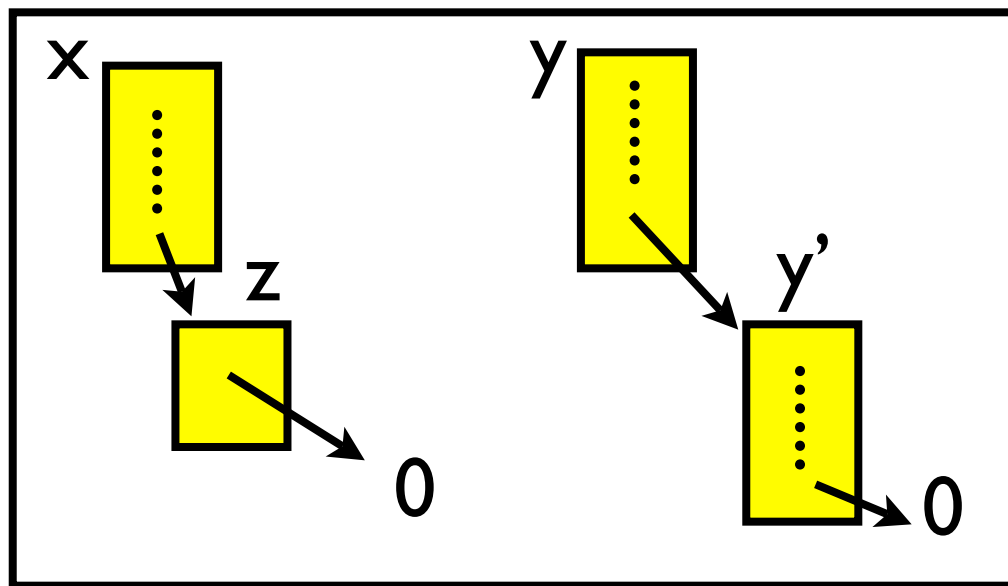
ls(x,0)*ls(y,0)

Optimization by the Frame Rule

- Pass & change only the part of a symbolic heap, that is reachable from the parameters. [Rinetzky et al, O'Hearn et al, Gotsman et al]

- E.g.

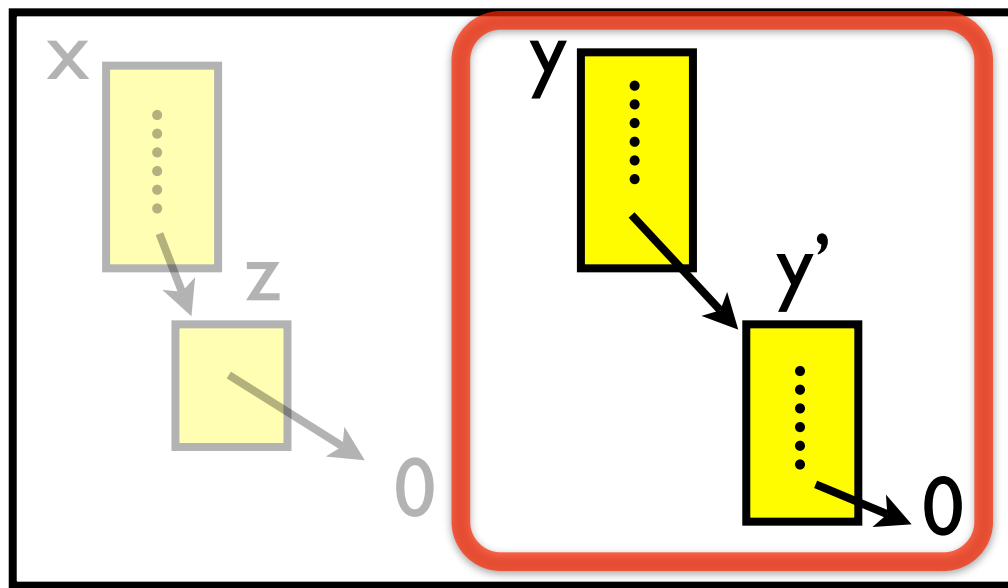
$\{\exists y'. \text{ls}(x,z) * z \mapsto 0 * \text{ls}(y,y') * \text{ls}(y',0) \}$
`dispose_list(y)`



the Frame Rule

- Pass & change only the part of a symbolic heap, that is reachable from the parameters. [Rinetzky et al, O'Hearn et al, Gotsman et al]
- E.g.

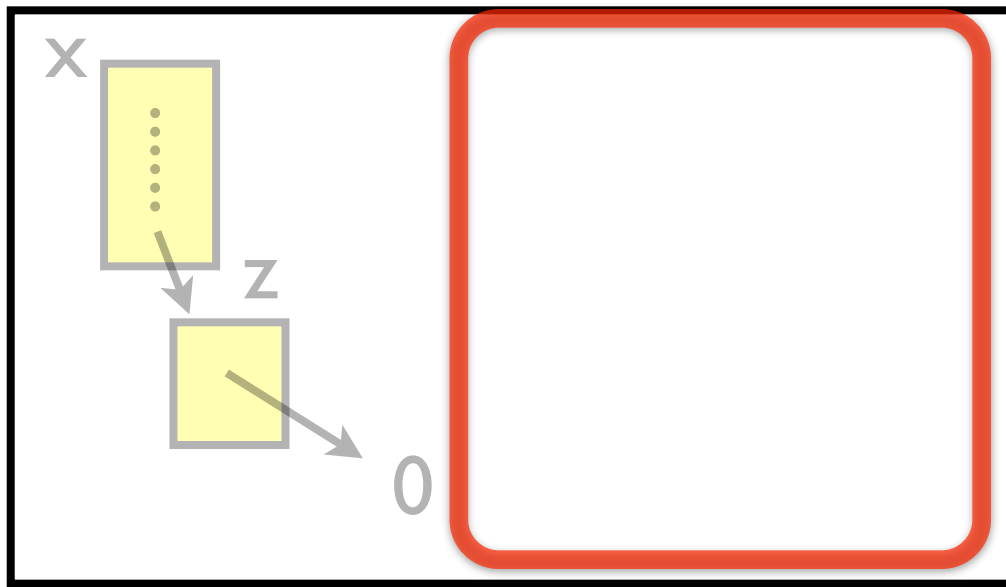
$\{ \exists y'. ls(x, z) * z \mapsto 0 * ls(y, y') * ls(y', 0) \}$
 dispose_list(y)



the Frame Rule

- Pass & change only the part of a symbolic heap, that is reachable from the parameters. [Rinetzky et al, O'Hearn et al, Gotsman et al]
- E.g.

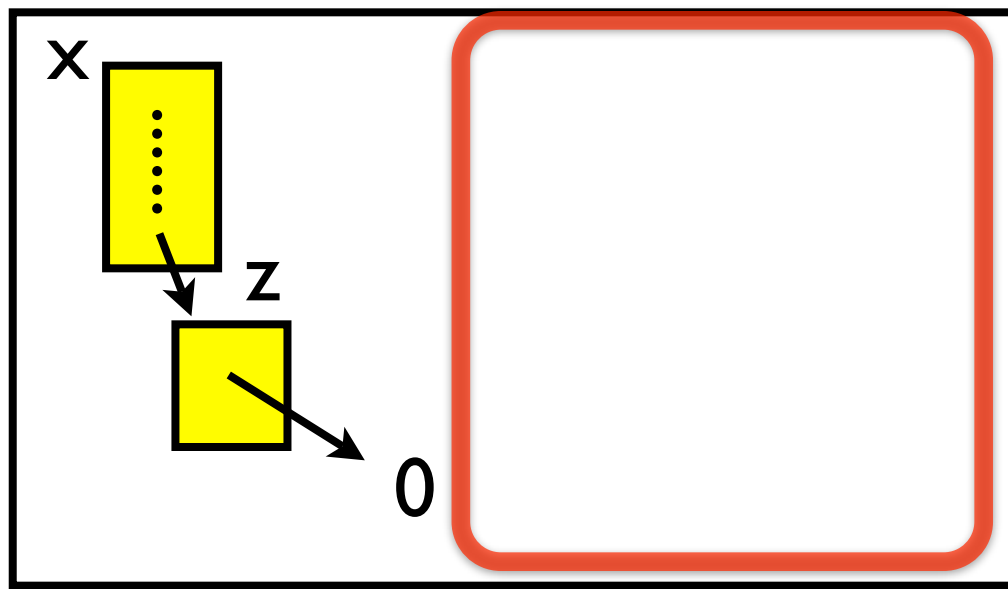
$\{ \exists y'. ls(x, z) * z \mapsto 0 * ls(y, y') * ls(y', 0) \}$
 dispose_list(y)



the Frame Rule

- Pass & change only the part of a symbolic heap, that is reachable from the parameters. [Rinetzky et al, O'Hearn et al, Gotsman et al]
- E.g.

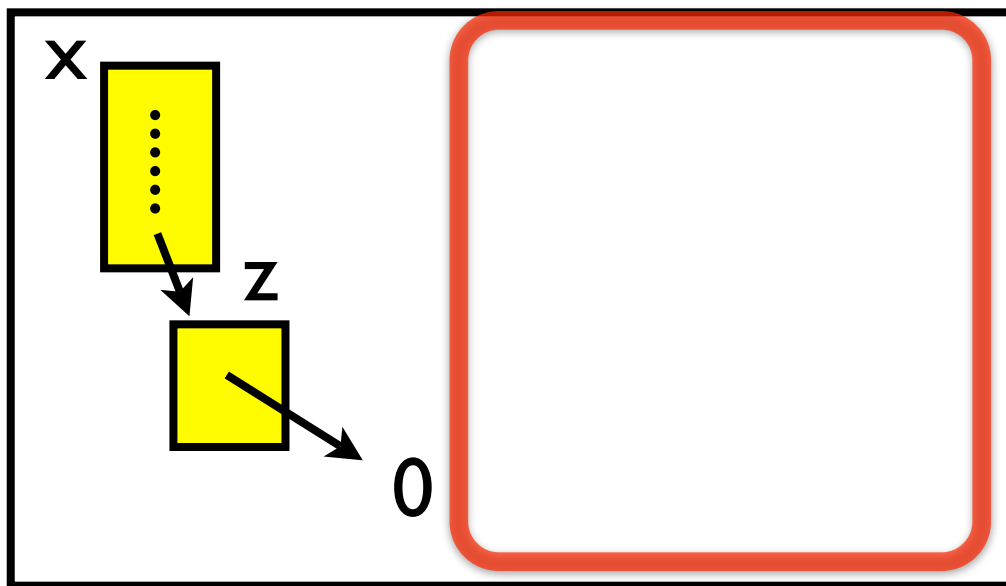
$\{ \exists y'. \text{ls}(x, z) * z \mapsto 0 * \text{ls}(y, y') * \text{ls}(y', 0) \}$
 $\text{dispose_list}(y)$



the Frame Rule

- Pass & change only the part of a symbolic heap, that is reachable from the parameters. [Rinetzky et al, O'Hearn et al, Gotsman et al]
- E.g.

$\{ \exists y'. ls(x, z) * z \mapsto 0 * ls(y, y') * ls(y', 0) \}$
 $dispose_list(y)$



Pre	Post
$\exists y'. \text{ls}(y, y') * \text{ls}(y', 0)$	emp

- Pass & change only the part of a symbolic heap, that is reachable from the parameters [Rinetzky et al.]

Uses Frame Rule and Proc. Call

- $$\frac{\frac{}{\{P\}f()\{Q\} \vdash \{P\}x=f()\{Q[x/\text{ret}]\}} \text{Call}}{\{P\}f()\{Q\} \vdash \{P * R\}x=f()\{Q[x/\text{ret}] * R\}} \text{Frame}$$

Creation of 2 Lists

```
let create_list() = {...}
```

in

emp

```
x=create_list();
```

```
y=create_list();
```

Creation of 2 Lists

```
let create_list() = {...}
```

emp

in

emp

```
x=create_list();
```

```
y=create_list();
```

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp

ret=0 $\wedge$ emp, ret $\mapsto$ 0, ls(ret,0)

in

emp

x=create_list();

y=create_list();

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp

ret=0 $\wedge$ emp, ret $\mapsto$ 0, ls(ret,0)

in

emp

x=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ emp

y=create_list();

x $\mapsto$ 0

ls(x,0)

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp

ret=0 $\wedge$ emp, ret $\mapsto$ 0, ls(ret,0)

in

emp

x=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ emp

x $\mapsto$ 0

ls(x,0)

y=create_list();

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp

ret=0 $\wedge$ emp,

ret $\mapsto$ 0,

ls(ret,0)

in

emp

x=create_list();

x=0 $\wedge$ emp

x $\mapsto$ 0

ls(x,0)

y=create_list();

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp

$\text{ret} = 0 \wedge \text{emp}$,

$\text{ret} \mapsto 0$,

$\text{ls}(\text{ret}, 0)$

in

emp

$x = \text{create_list}();$

$x = 0 \wedge \text{emp}$

$x \mapsto 0$

$\text{ls}(x, 0)$

$y = \text{create_list}();$

$x = 0 \wedge y = 0 \wedge \text{emp}$

$x = 0 \wedge y \mapsto 0$

.....

$x \mapsto 0 * y \mapsto 0$

.....

$\text{ls}(x, 0) * \text{ls}(y, 0)$

Creation of 2 Lists

let create_list() = {...}

emp

$\text{ret} = 0 \wedge \text{emp}$,

$\text{ret} \mapsto 0$,

$\text{ls}(\text{ret}, 0)$

~~3 entries, 9 results~~

1 entries, 3 results

in

emp

$x = \text{create_list}();$

$x = 0 \wedge \text{emp}$

$x \mapsto 0$

$\text{ls}(x, 0)$

$y = \text{create_list}();$

$x = 0 \wedge y = 0 \wedge \text{emp}$

$x = 0 \wedge y \mapsto 0$

.....

$x \mapsto 0 * y \mapsto 0$

.....

$\text{ls}(x, 0) * \text{ls}(y, 0)$

Soundness of Frame Rule and Locality Properties

Soundness of the Frame Rule

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{P\}C\{Q\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{P * R\}C\{Q * R\}} \quad \text{Modifies}(C) \cap \text{FV}(C) = \emptyset$$

- Soundness of the frame rule relies on specific properties of implementable commands.
- The rule does not hold for the following command:
 - $C = \text{"InitializeAllAllocatedCellsToZero"}$.
 - $\{\text{emp}\}C\{\text{emp}\}$, so $\{I \mapsto 20\}C\{I \mapsto 20\}$.
 - But, $\{I \mapsto 20\}C\{I \mapsto 0\}$.
- But, such commands are not implementable.

Locality Properties

$$\llbracket C \rrbracket : \text{States} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\text{States} \cup \{\text{err}\})$$

- **Safety monotonicity:**

$$h \# h_0 \wedge \text{err} \notin \llbracket C \rrbracket(s, h) \implies \text{err} \notin \llbracket C \rrbracket(s, h * h_0)$$

- **Frame property:**

$$\begin{aligned} h \# h_0 \wedge \text{err} \notin \llbracket C \rrbracket(s, h) \wedge h'_1 \in \llbracket C \rrbracket(s, h * h_0) \\ \implies \exists h'. h'_1 = h' * h_0 \wedge h' \in \llbracket C \rrbracket(s, h). \end{aligned}$$

Locality Properties

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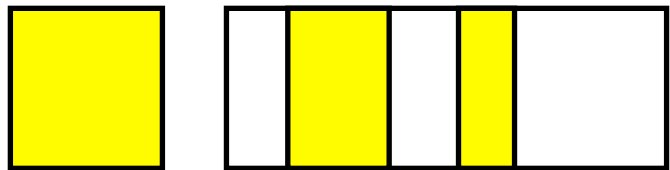
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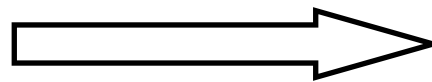
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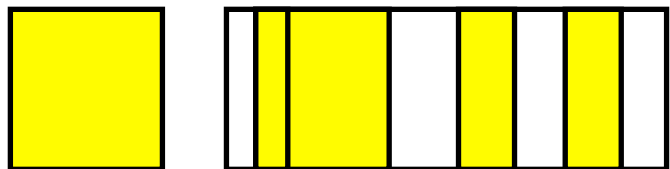
Stack Heap



C



No Mem. Error



Locality Properties

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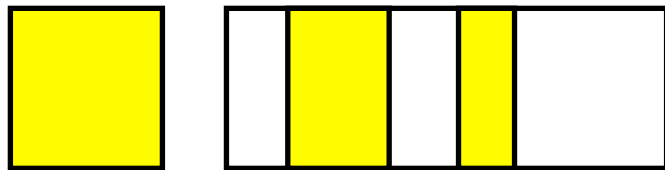
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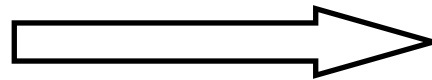
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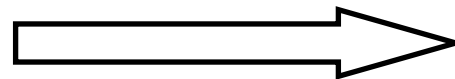
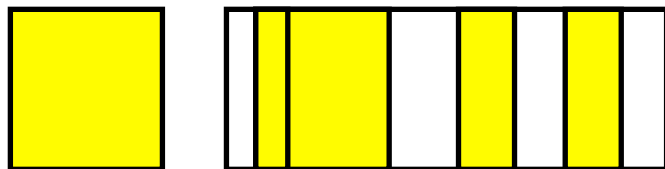
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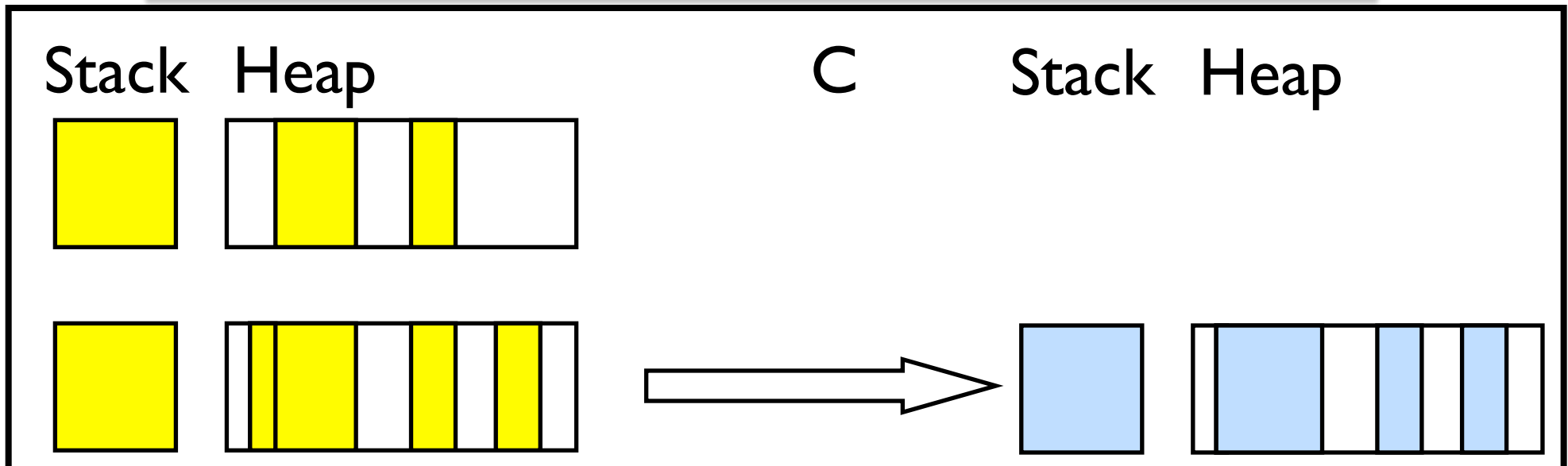
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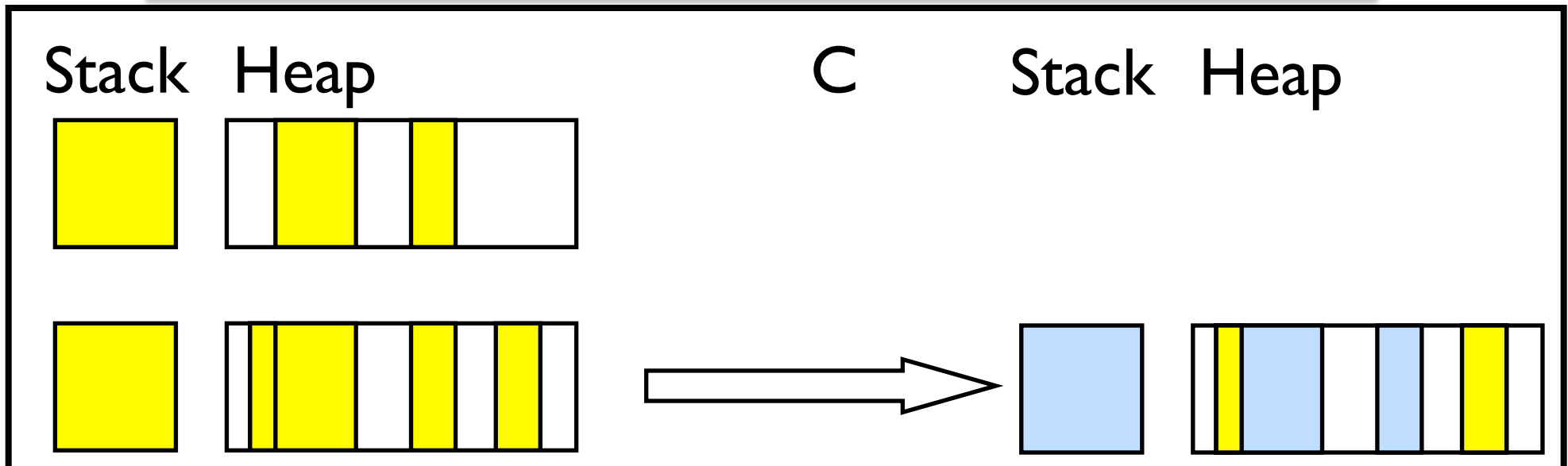
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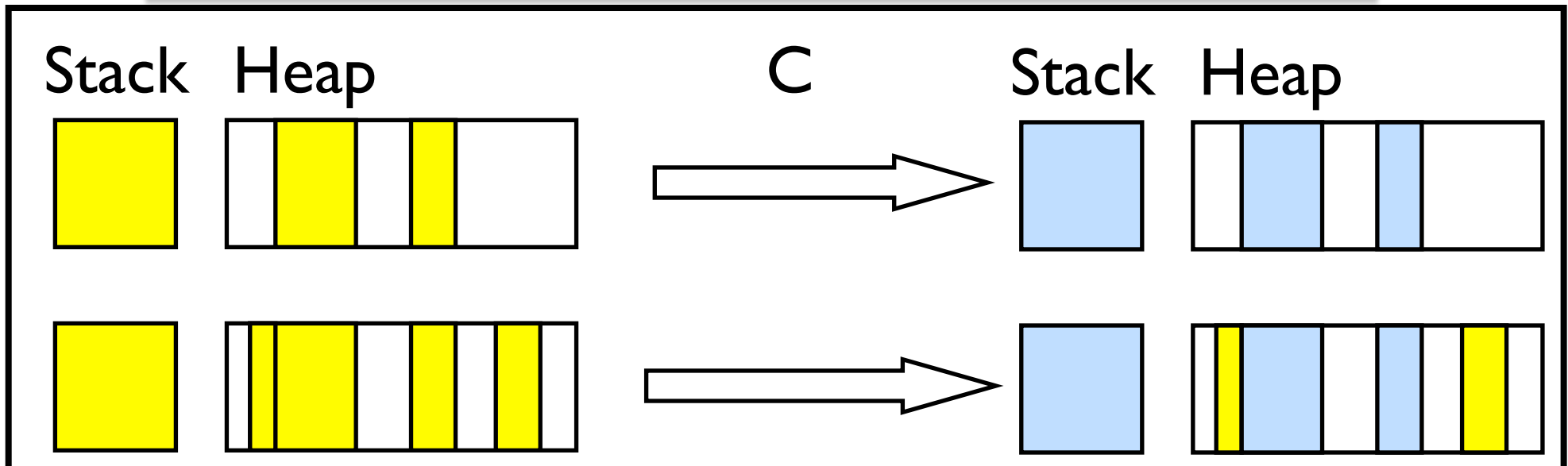
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- **Bad example again:**

- “InitializeAllAllocatedCellsToZero”.

- **Good example:**

- $*7 = 200, \quad ([x:0, \dots], [7:0]) \quad ([x:0, \dots], [7:0, 9:0])$

HW

- Prove the soundness of the frame rule using the locality properties.

Reference

- Frame Rule:
 - O'Hearn et al's CSL 2001 paper.
 - Yang and O'Hearn's FOSSACS 2002 paper.
- Interproc. Analysis and Frame Rule:
 - Gotsman et al's SAS 2006 paper.
- Heuristic based on reachability:
 - Rinetzky et al's POPL 2005 paper.