

Recommendation & Personalization Using Knowledge Graphs

Ian Horrocks

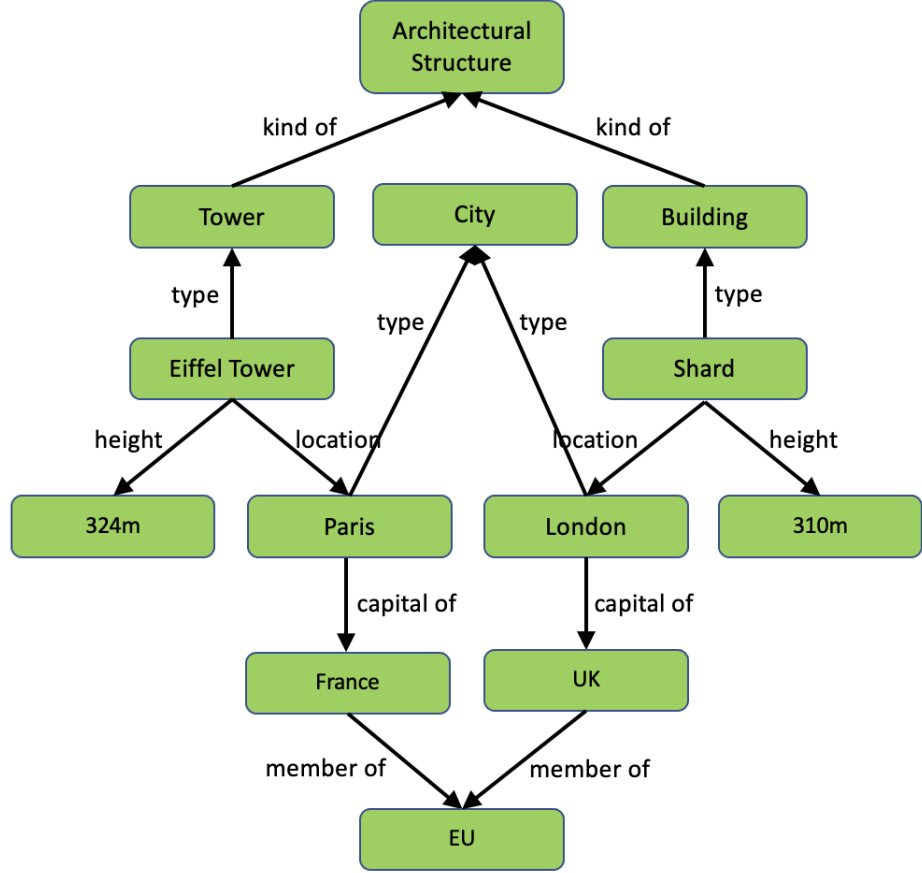


Knowledge Graph Basics

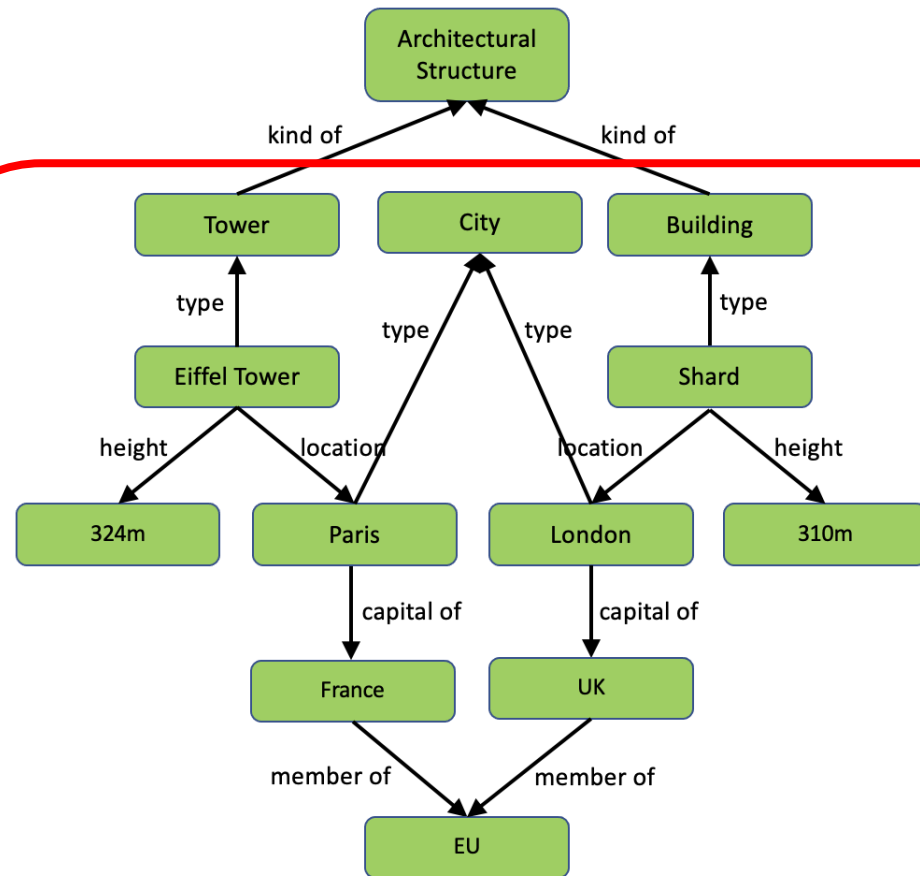
Anatomy of a Knowledge Graph



Anatomy of a Knowledge Graph



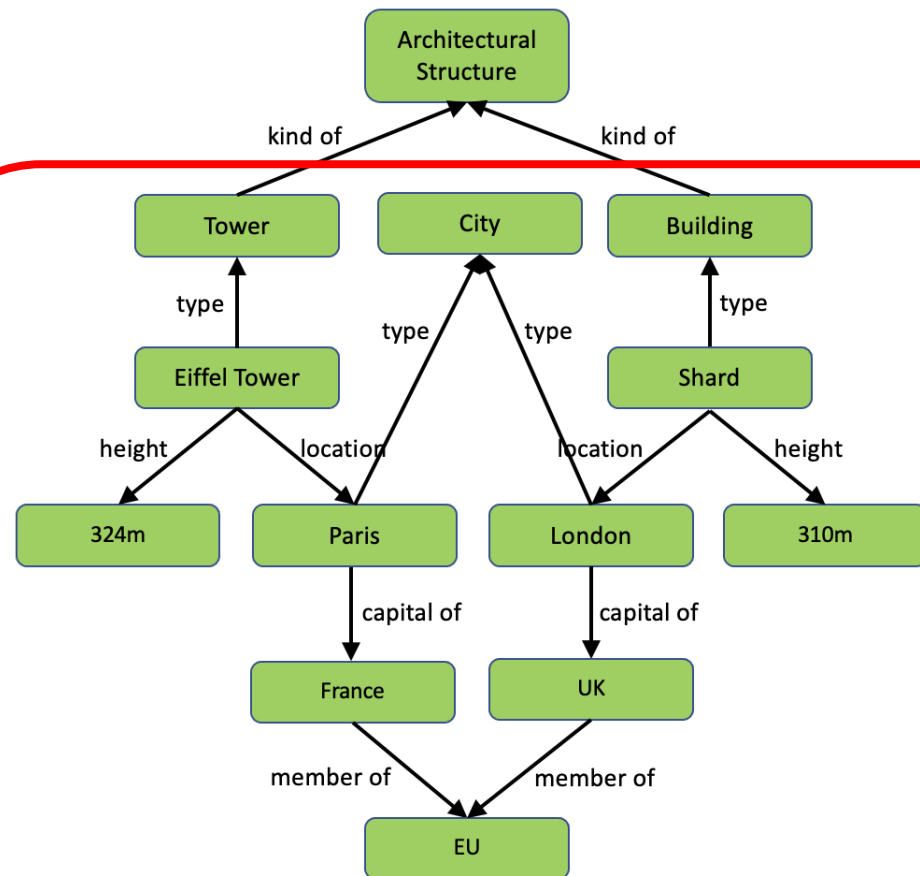
Data



Eiffel Tower is a Tower
Eiffel Tower has location Paris
Eiffel Tower has height 324m
Shard has location London

...

Data



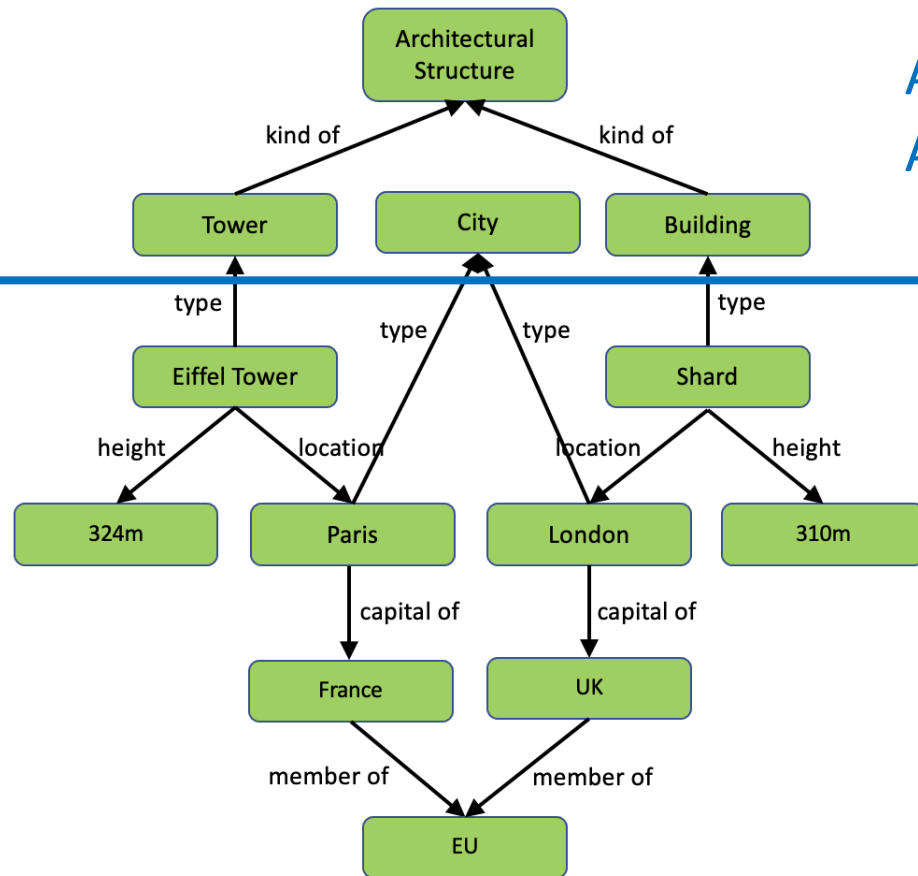
≈

Architectural Structure			
name	location	height	kind
Shard	London	310m	Building
Eiffel Tower	Paris	324m	Lattice Tower
...

City	
name	capital of
London	UK
Paris	France
...	...

member of	
country	organisation
France	EU
UK	EU
...	...

Expert Knowledge (simple)



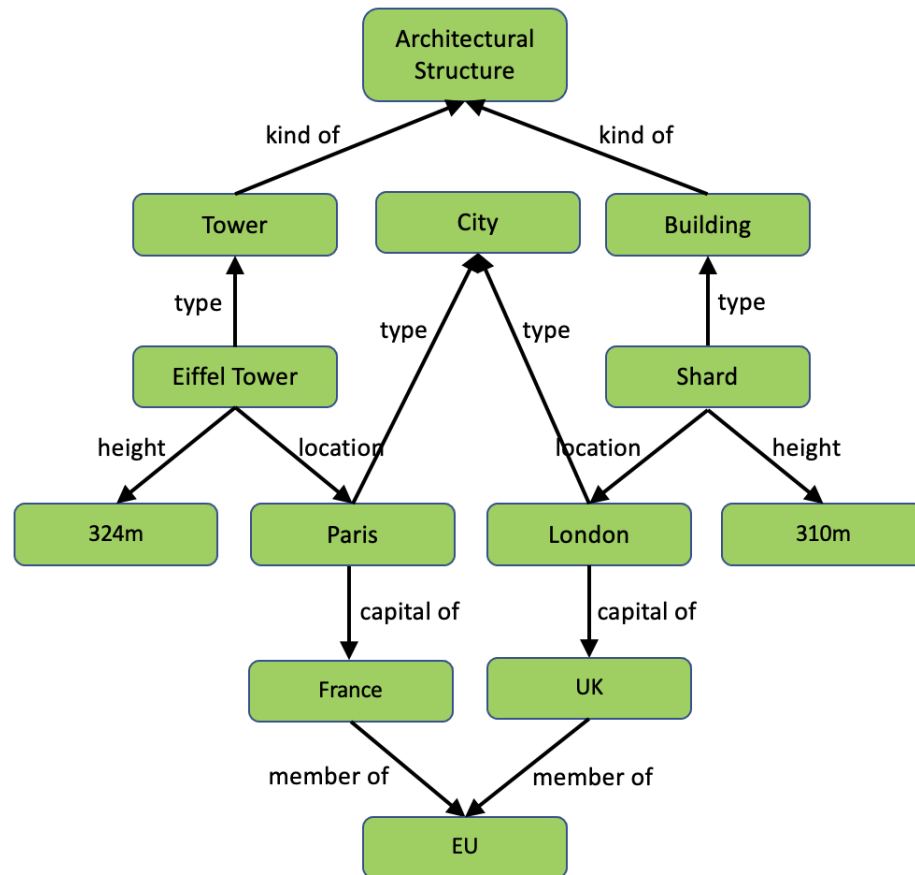
A tower is a kind of architectural structure
A building is a kind of architectural structure

Formalized using rules:

$Tower(x) \rightarrow ArchitecturalStructure(x)$

$Building(x) \rightarrow ArchitecturalStructure(x)$

Expert Knowledge (more complex)



A thing located in the capital of a country is located in that country

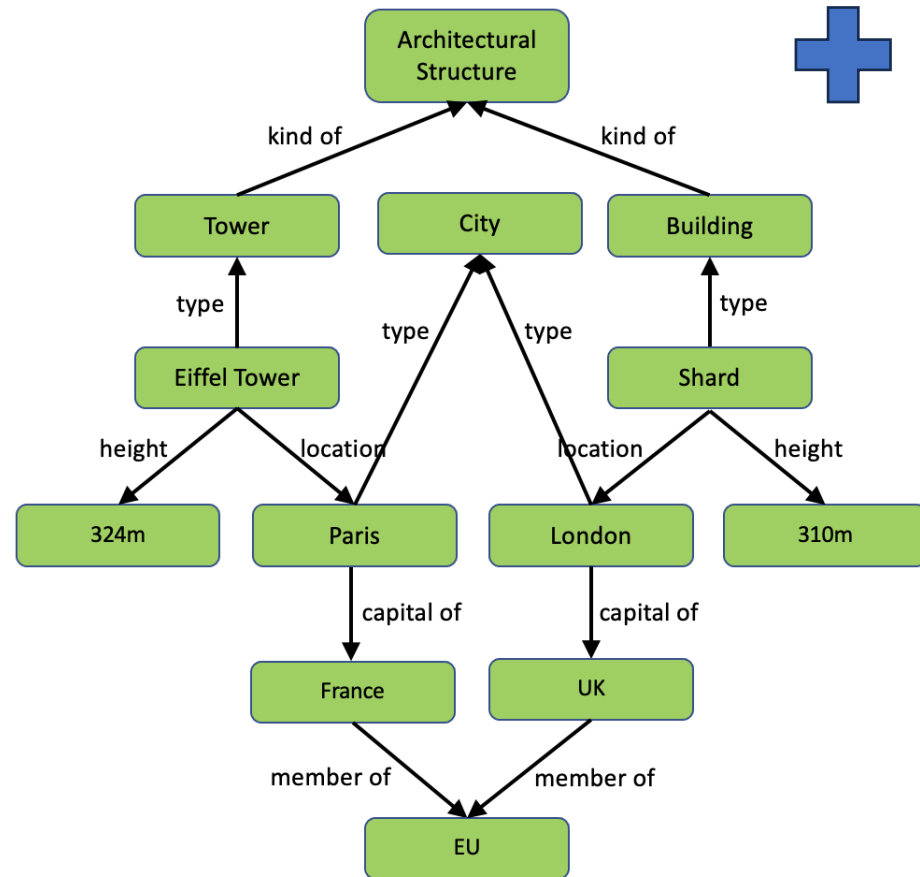
A thing located in a member of a union is located in that union

Formalized using rules:

$\text{location}(x, y) \wedge \text{capital_of}(y, z) \rightarrow \text{location}(x, z)$

$\text{location}(x, y) \wedge \text{member_of}(y, z) \rightarrow \text{location}(x, z)$

Query Answering (Reasoning)



$Tower(x) \rightarrow ArchitecturalStructure(x)$
 $Building(x) \rightarrow ArchitecturalStructure(x)$
 $location(x, y) \wedge capital_of(y, z) \rightarrow location(x, z)$
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Architectural structure located in the EU?

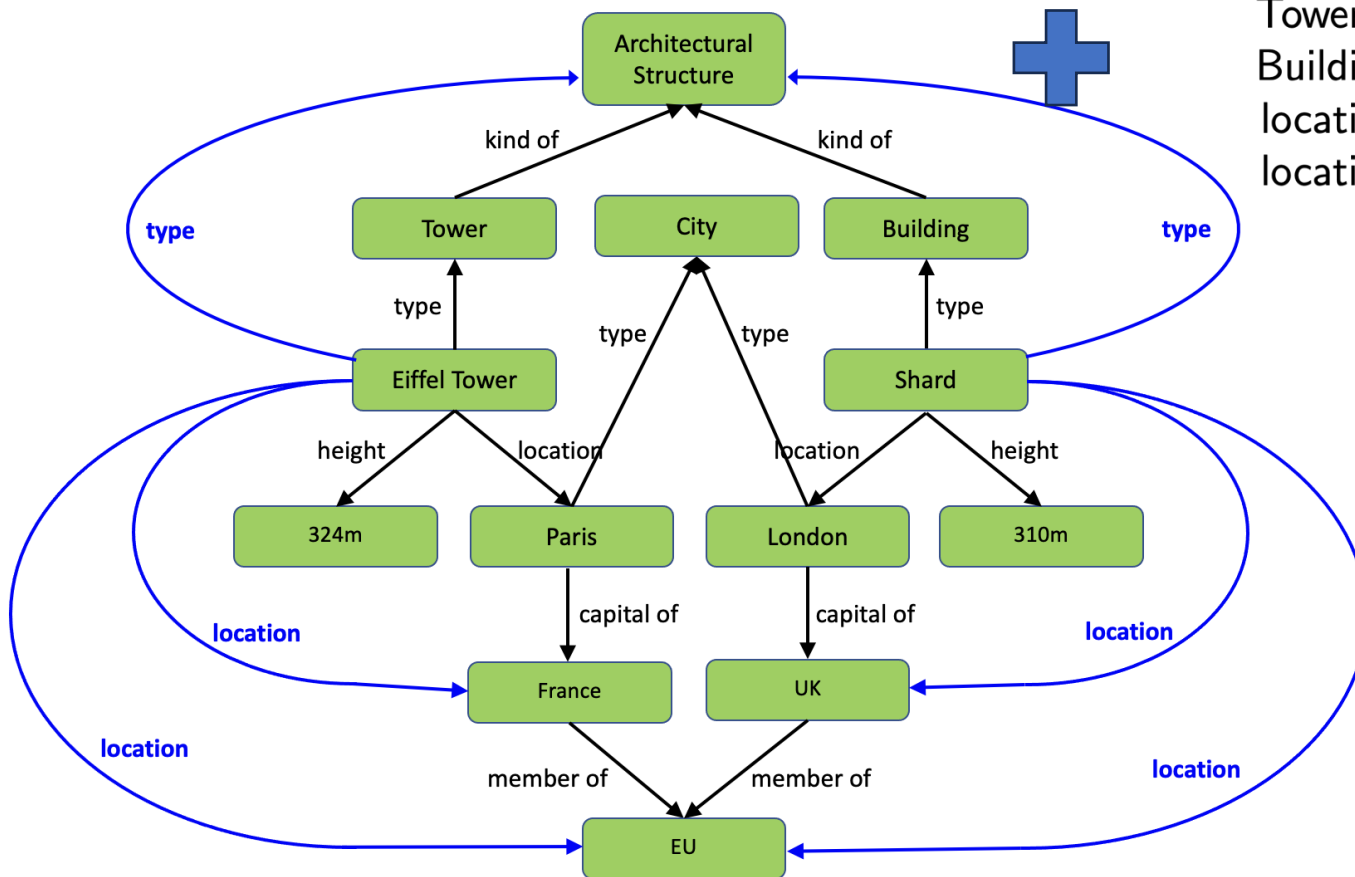
Formalized using SPARQL:

```
SELECT ?X WHERE  
{ ?x a Architectural_Structure.  
  ?X location EU }
```

Answer:

Eiffel Tower, Shard

Query Answering (Reasoning)



$Tower(x) \rightarrow ArchitecturalStructure(x)$
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Architectural structure located in the EU?

Formalized using SPARQL:

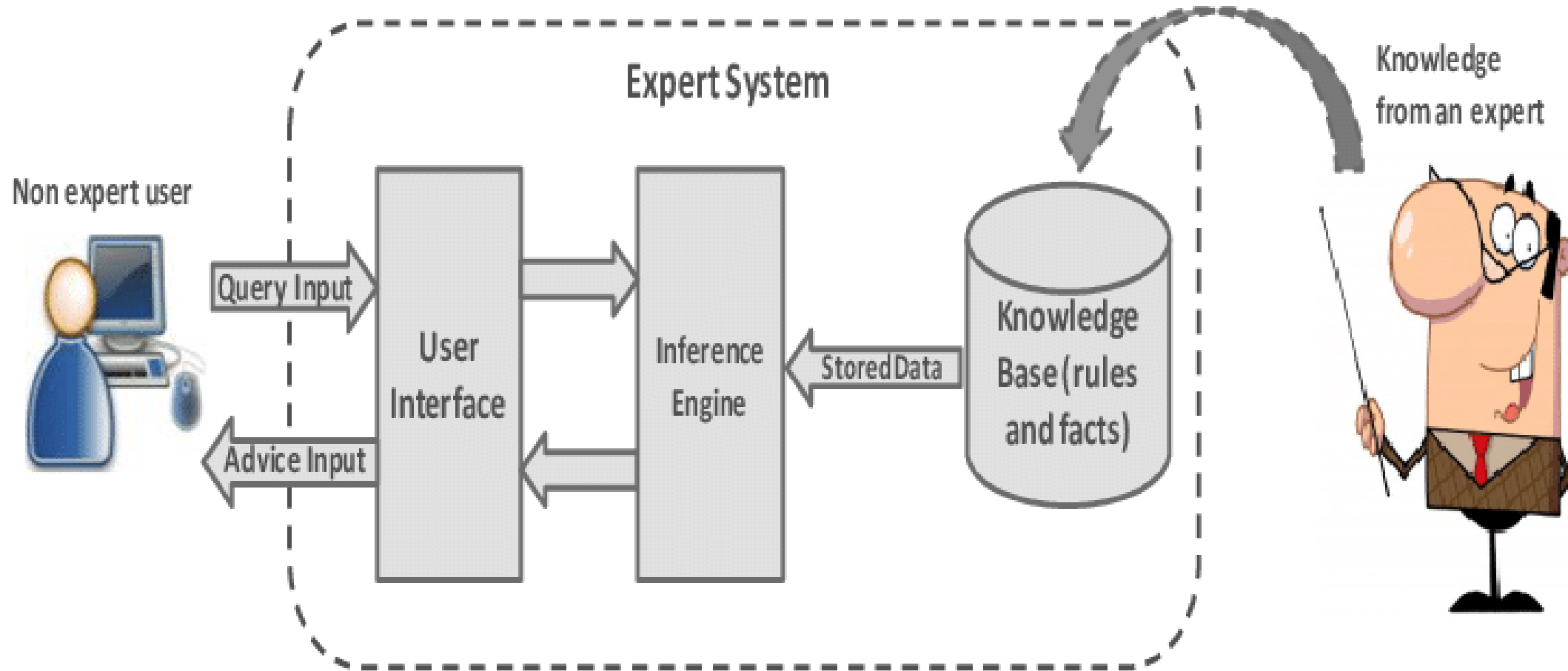
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Answer:

Eiffel Tower, Shard

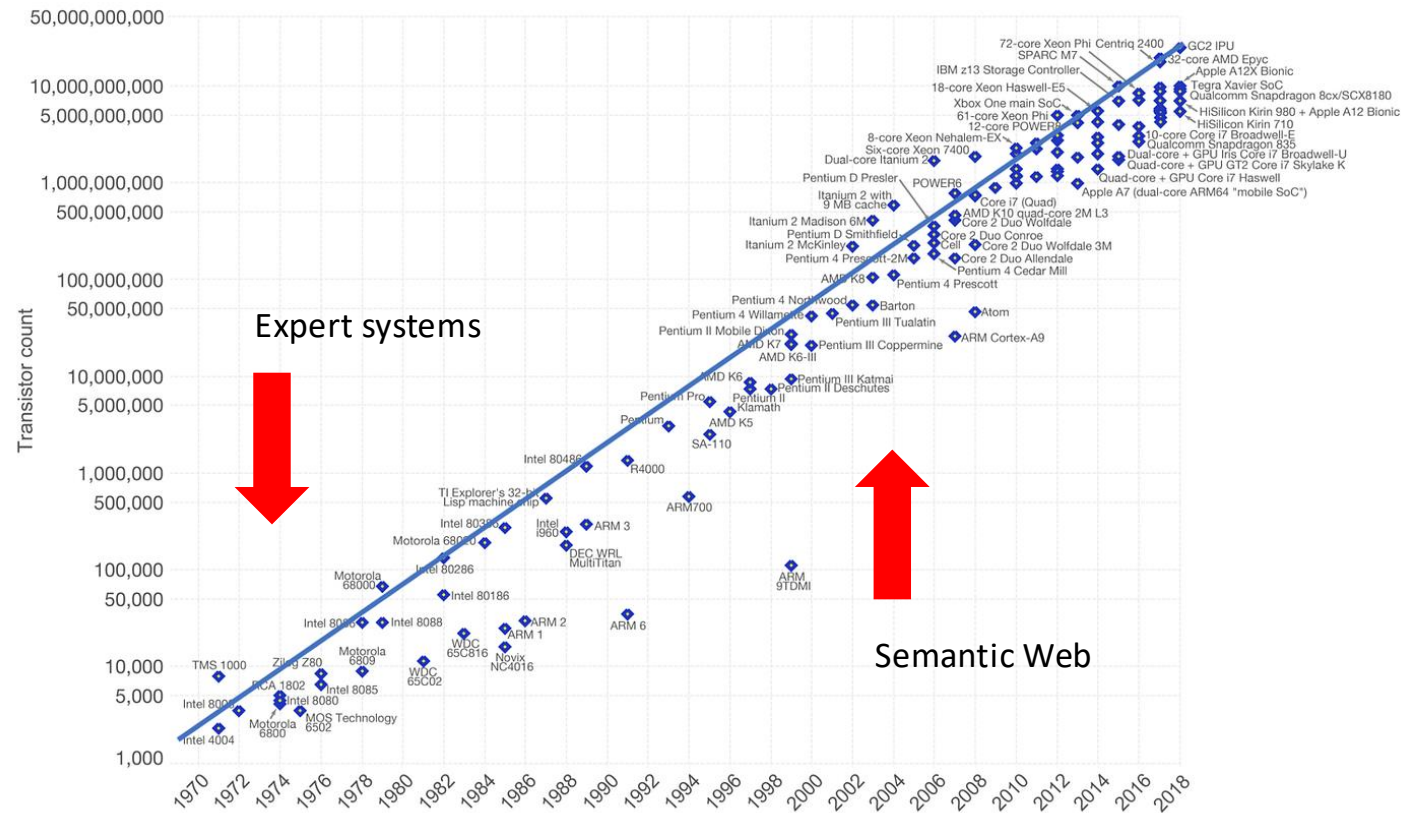
GOFAI?

Graph + Rules + Reasoning = (Symbolic) AI



Why Now (and not then)?

Moore's law



Why Now (and not then)?

Digital transformation

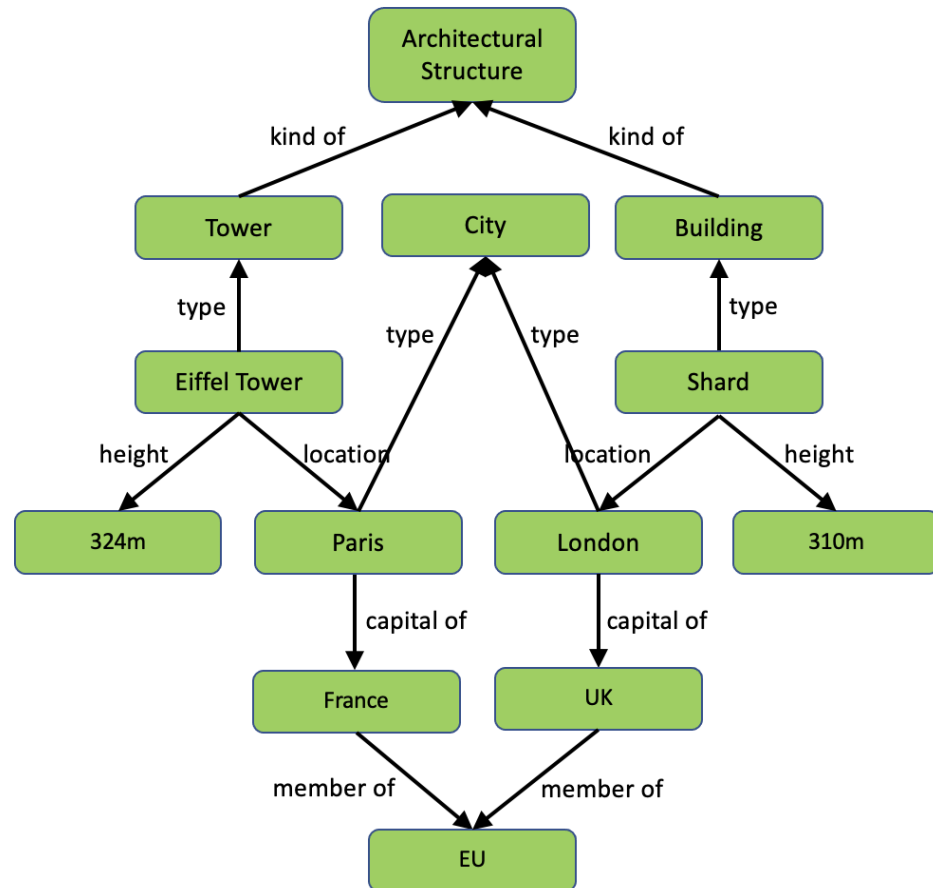


Why Now (and not then)?

Research

- Parallelized semi-naïve materialization
 - Concurrent data structures
 - Optimized RAM-based storage
- View maintenance & incremental reasoning
 - DRed algorithm
 - Backwards/forwards algorithm
- ...

Parallelized semi-naïve materialization



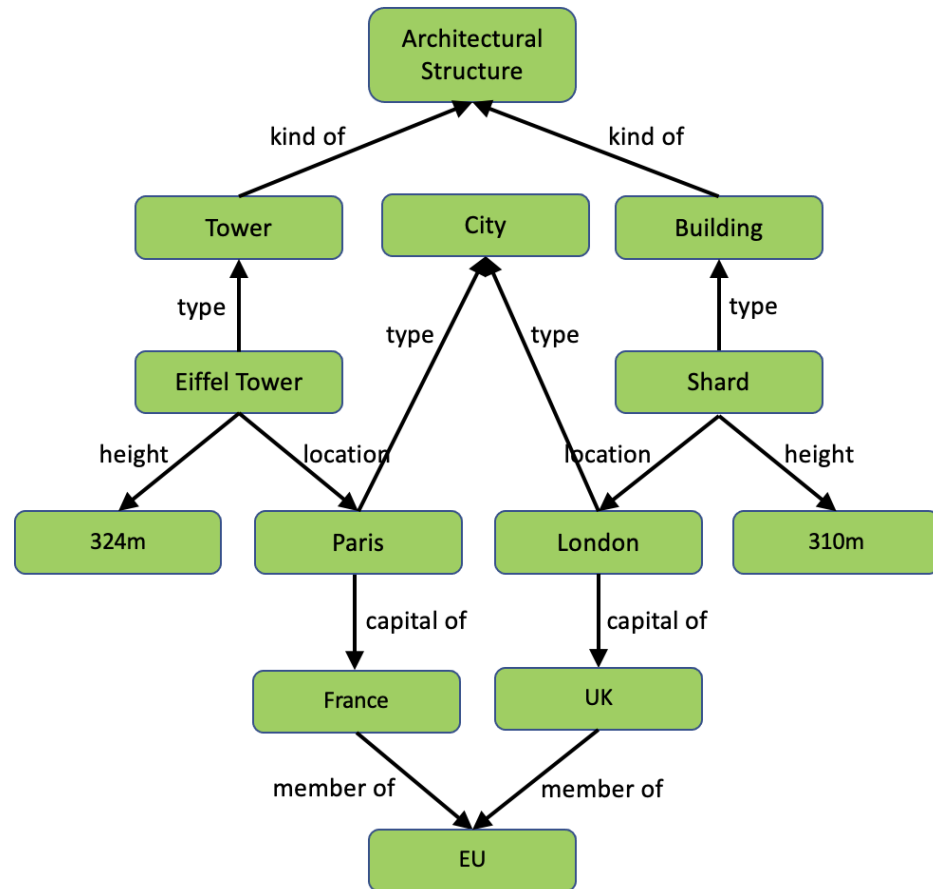
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$\text{Building}(x) \rightarrow \text{ArchitecturalStructure}(x)$

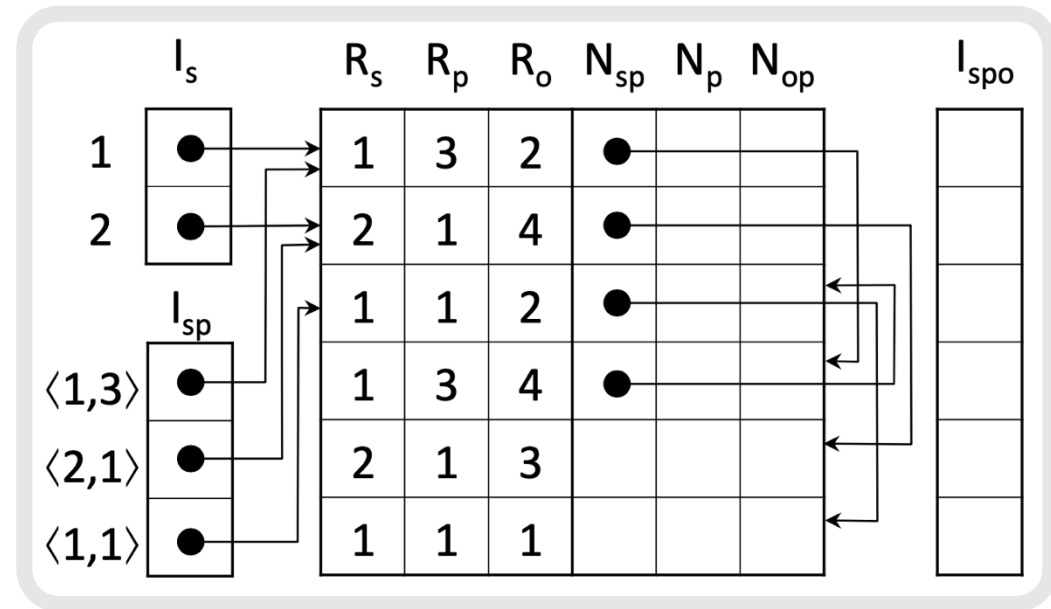
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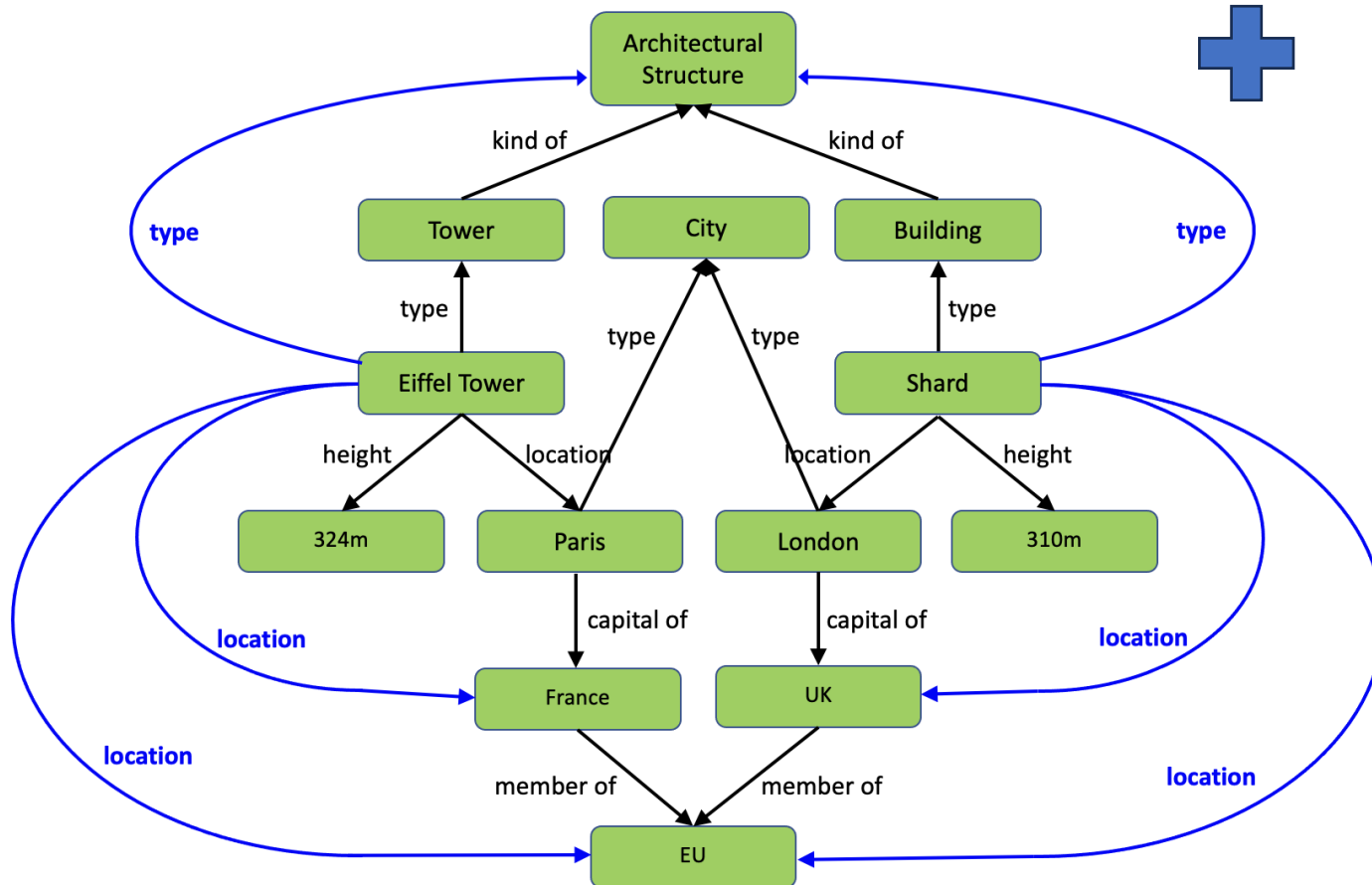
Parallelized semi-naïve materialization



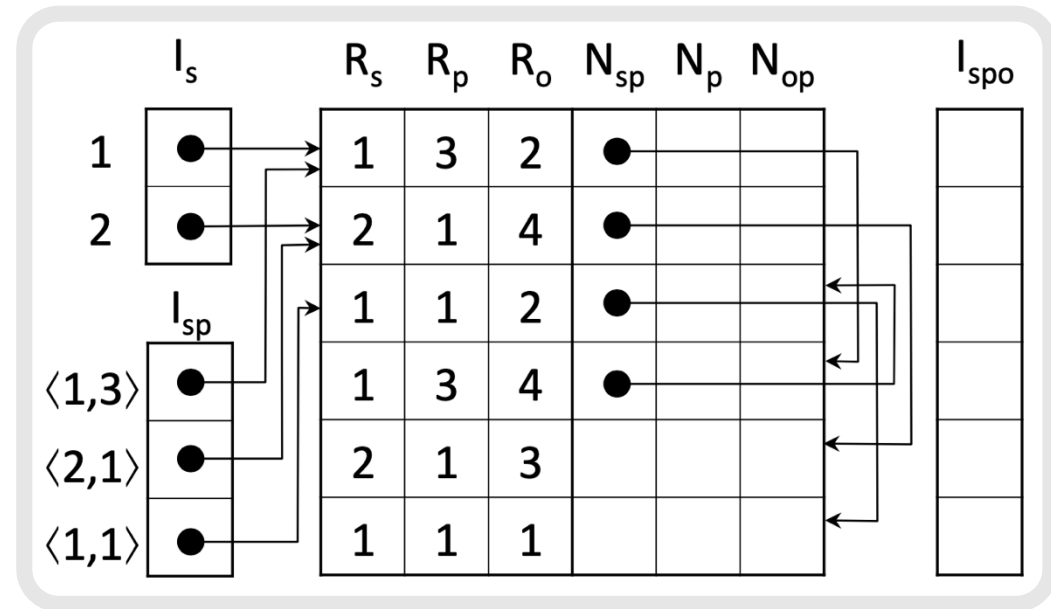
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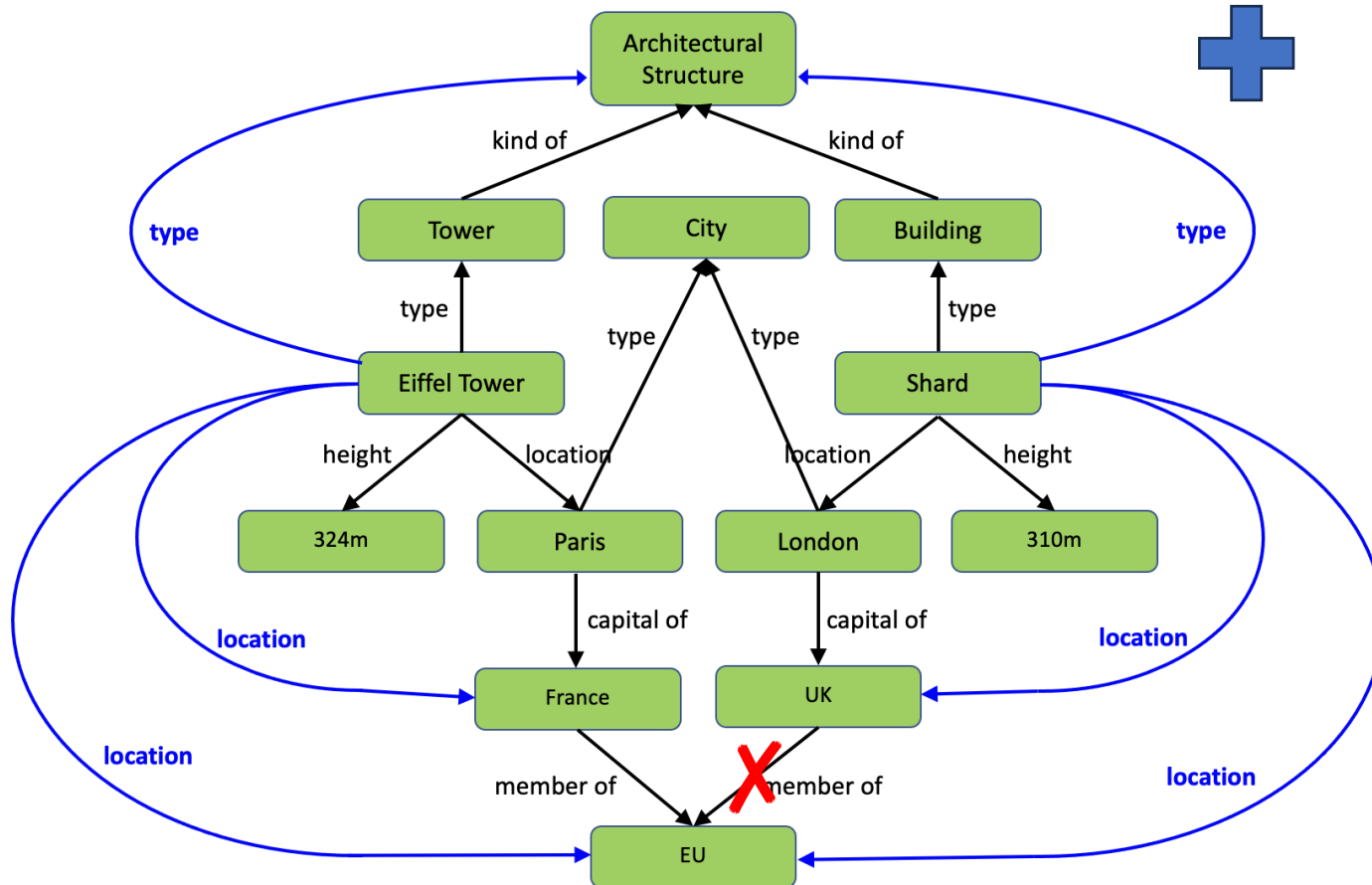
Parallelized semi-naïve materialization



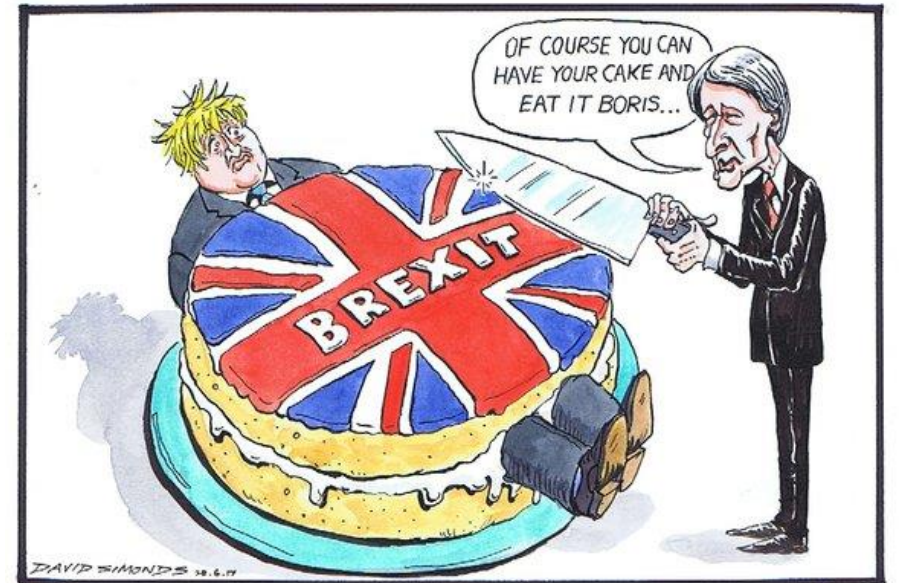
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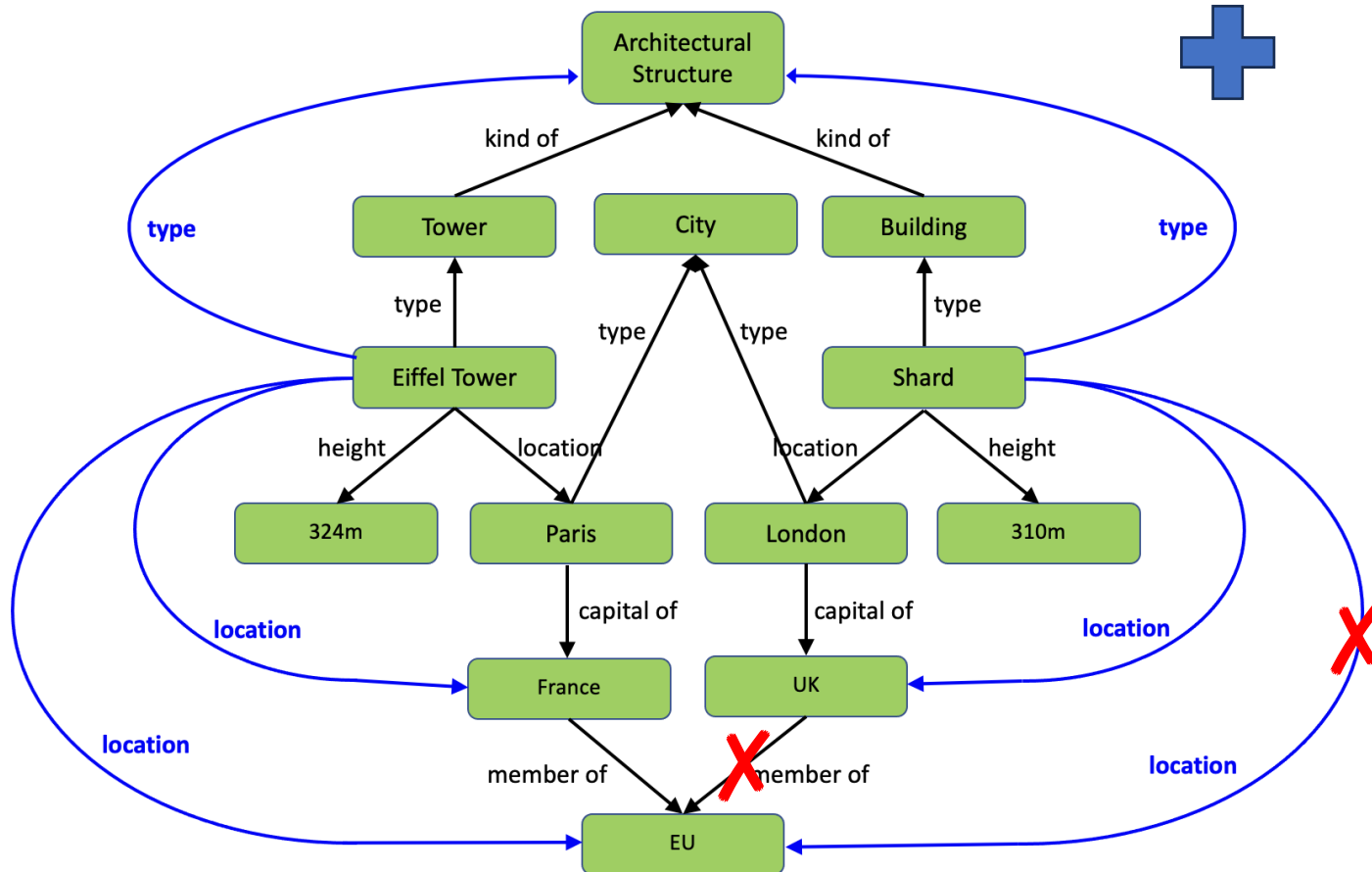
View maintenance & incremental reasoning



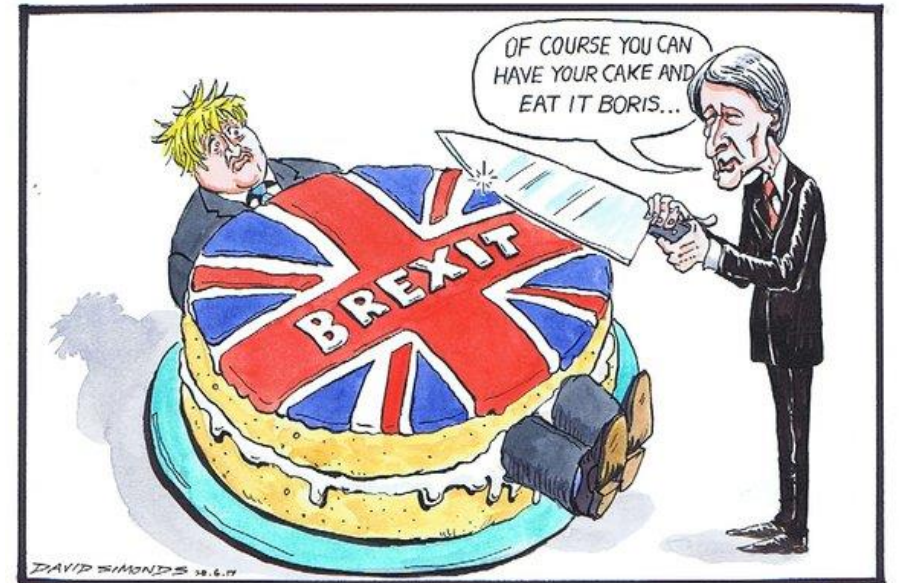
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View maintenance & incremental reasoning

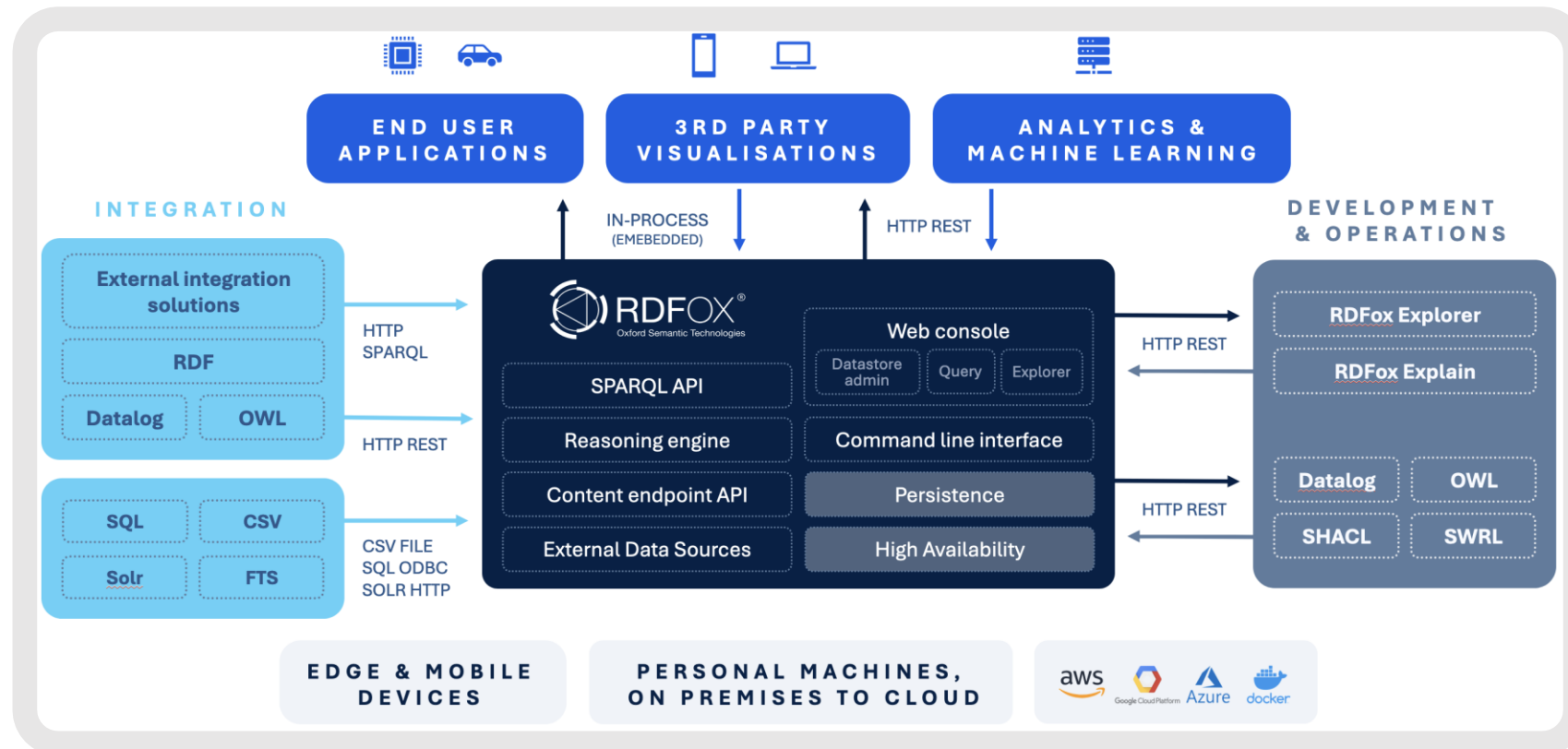


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Why Now (and not then)?

Development



What About ML/LLM/GenAI?

ML & LLM (Non-symbolic AI)

Low information density

Randomly deleting data would have **little impact** on outputs

Vague knowledge

Rules are **uncertain or unknown**

Static knowledge

Knowledge changes **rarely/slowly**

Low cost of failure

Some errors **can be tolerated**



KGs (Symbolic AI)

High information density

Randomly deleting data would have **big impact** on outputs

Precise knowledge

Rules are **precise and known**

Dynamic knowledge

Knowledge changes **often/rapidly**

High cost of failure

Errors **cannot be tolerated**

Example Use Cases

Semantic Search & Recommendation

E.G. RETAIL

High information density

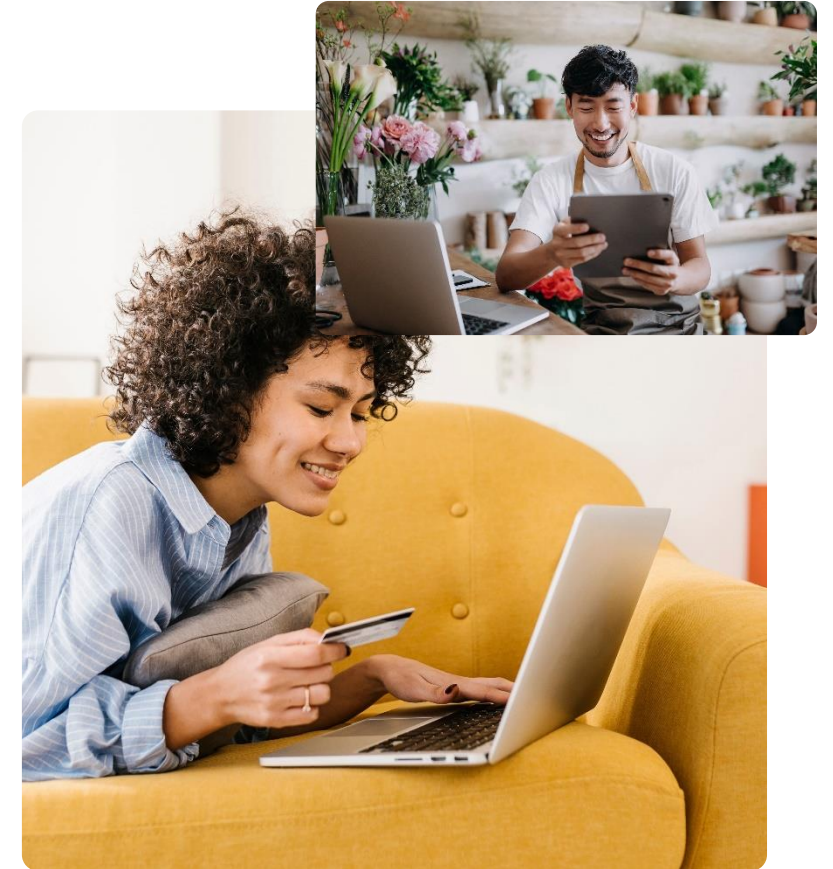
- Details of products and customers have **big impact**

Dynamic knowledge

- Product catalogue and customer details change **often/rapidly**

High cost of failure

- Customers have **low tolerance for errors**



Compatibility & Configuration

E.G. INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION LINE SYSTEMS

High information density

- Details of components and requirements have **big impact**

Precise knowledge

- Of component **specifications, compatibilities** and customer **requirements**

High cost of failure

- Huge and costly installations mean that **errors cannot be tolerated**

Dynamic knowledge

- Product catalogue under constant **revision and extension**



FESTO

Regulatory & Policy Compliance

E.G. FINANCIAL SERVICES

High information density

- Details of regulations, policies and trades have **big impact**

Precise knowledge

- Regulations, policies and trades are **precisely specified**

High cost of failure

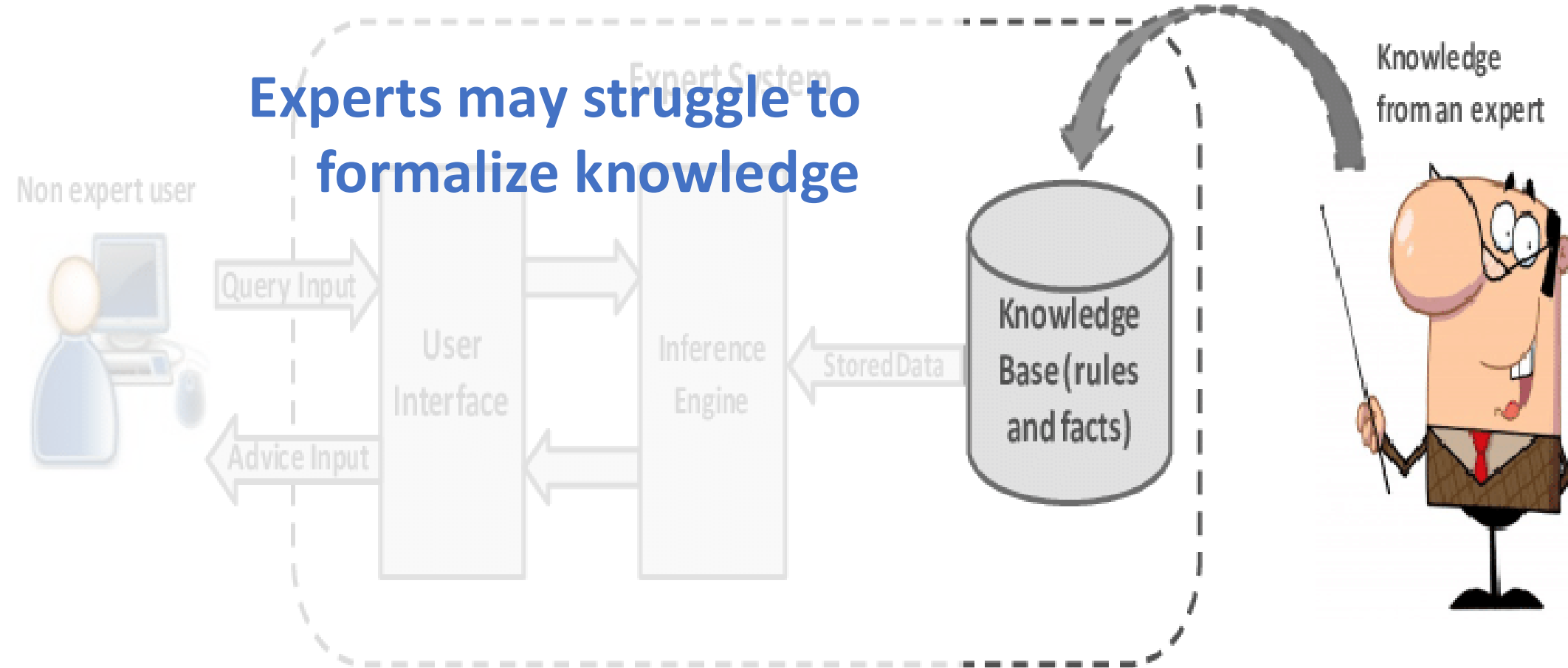
- Failures of regulatory compliance can result in **very large penalties**

Dynamic knowledge

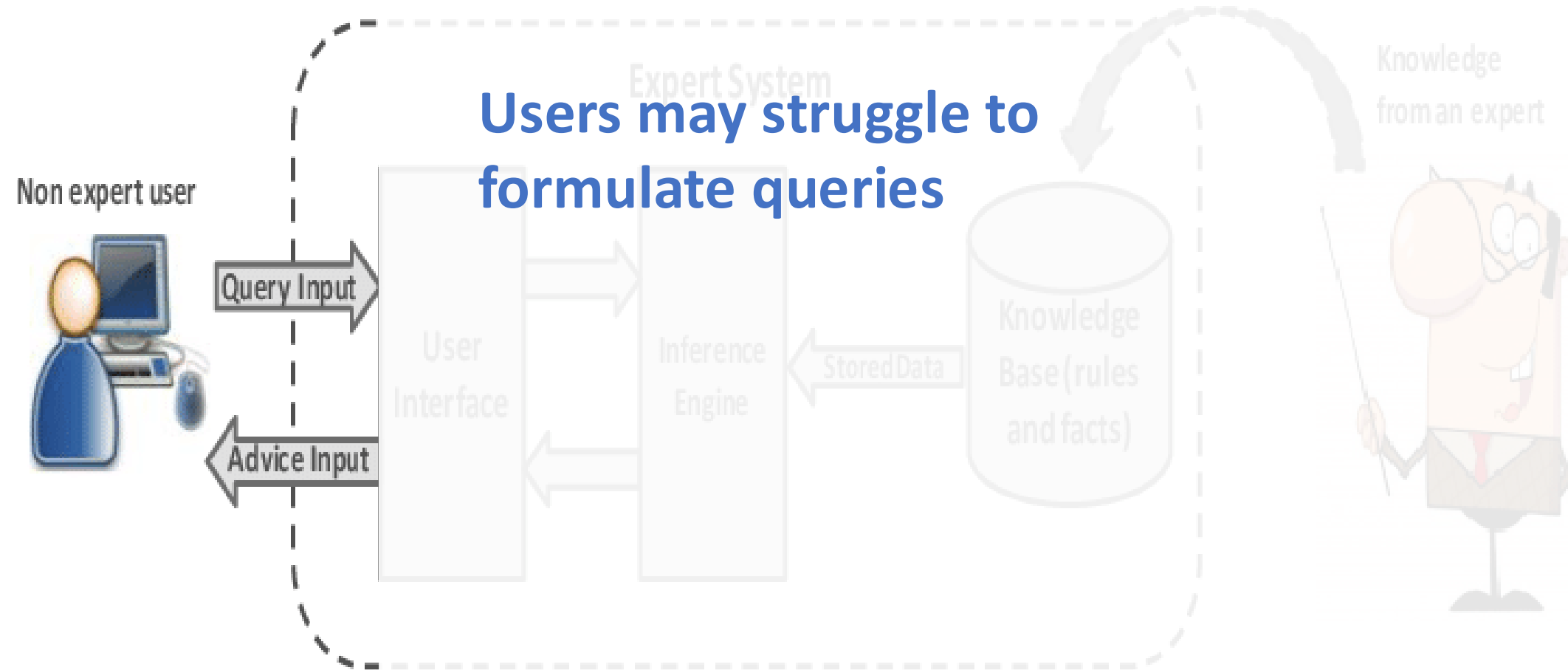
- Regulations and policies under constant **revision and extension**



But...



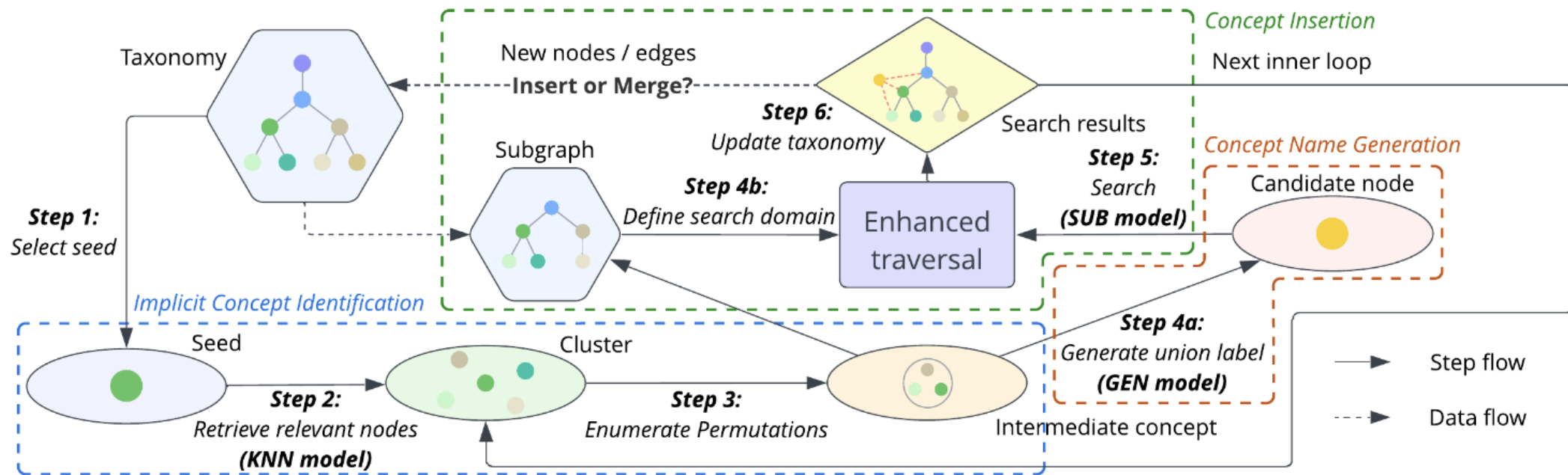
But...



Hybrid AI: Best of Both Worlds?

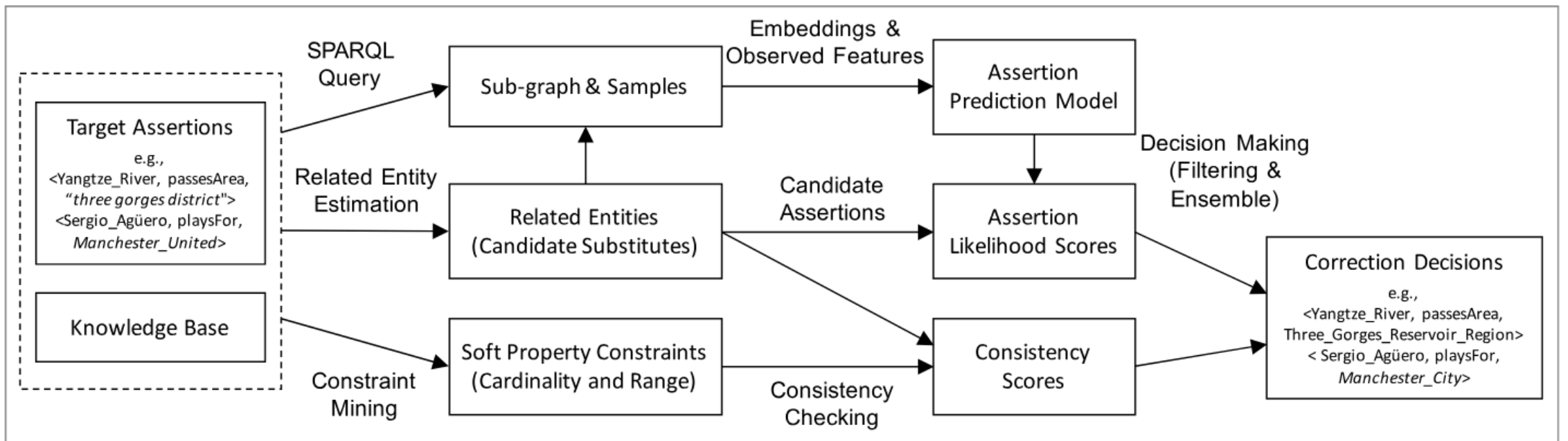
ML & LLM for Knowledge Engineering

e.g., Taxonomy completion



ML & LLM for Knowledge Engineering

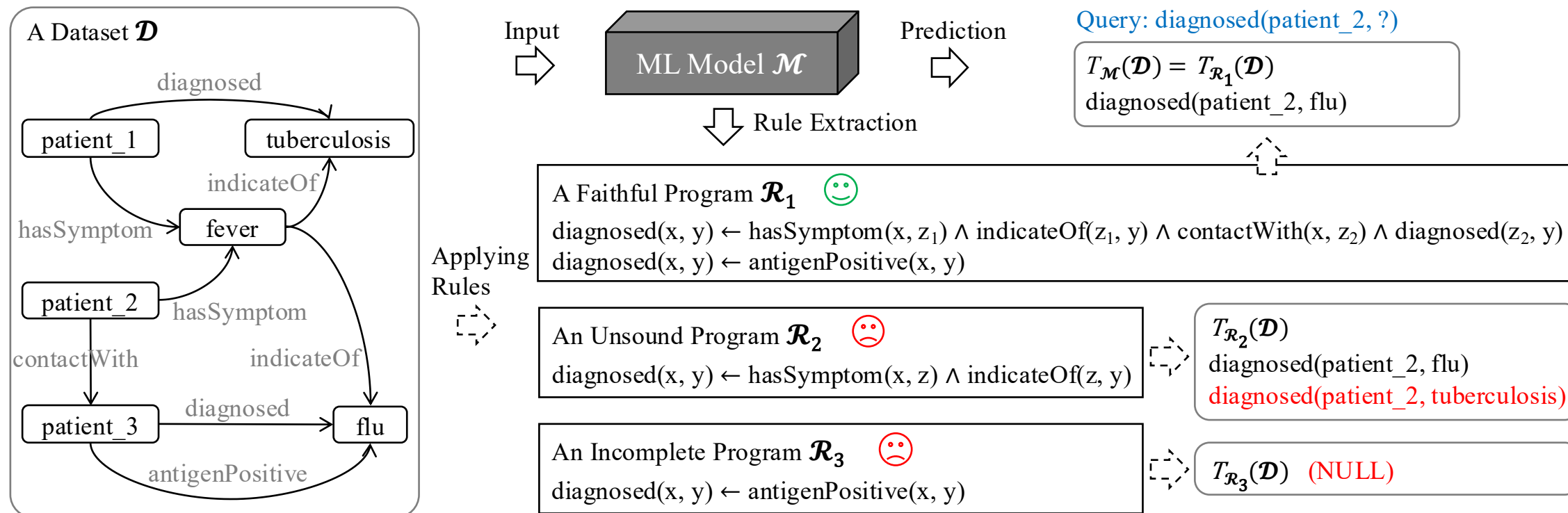
e.g., **Assertion Correction**



Chen et al. An assertion and alignment correction framework for large scale knowledge bases. Semantic Web, 14(1).

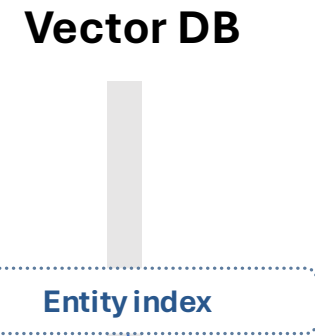
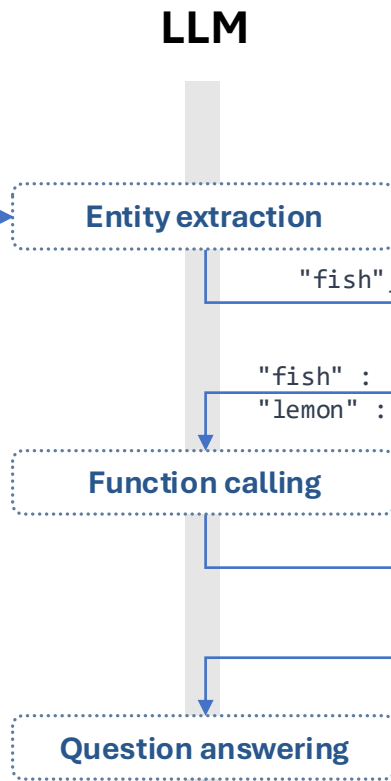
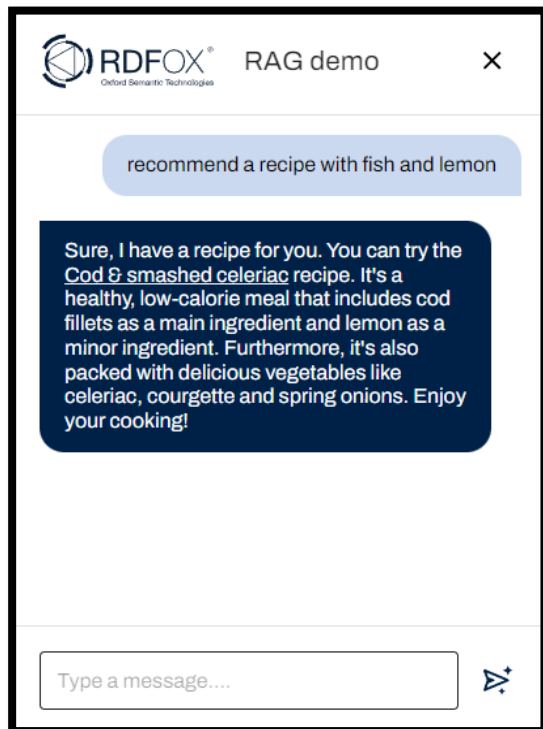
Knowledge-based Enhancement of ML & LLM

e.g., **Rule extraction** for explanation, auditing, ...



ML & LLM for User Dialogue

e.g., Graph RAG



```
SELECT DISTINCT ?recipe ?label ?description
WHERE {
  ?recipe a :Recipe ;
  :label ?label ;
  :description ?description ;
  :hasRecipeIngredient/a food:FOODON_00001248 ;
  :hasRecipeIngredient/a food:FOODON_00001995 .
} LIMIT 1
```



bbcgf:cod-smashed-celeriac,
Cod & smashed celeriac recipe
(with description)

Conclusion

- Knowledge graphs provide mature and robust symbolic AI
- Benefits include precision, predictability, adaptability and interpretability
- Applications include high-stakes systems with low error tolerance
- Use cases in Retail, Industrial, Financial services, ...
- Set to play a critical role in the future of Hybrid AI



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Thank you