

Exercise Sheet 6 for Categories, Proofs and Games

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Given games A, B define $A \& B$ by

$$\begin{aligned} M_{A \& B} &= M_A + M_B \\ \lambda_{A \& B} &= [\lambda_A, \lambda_B] \\ P_{A \& B} &= \{\mathbf{inl}^*(s) \mid s \in P_A\} \cup \{\mathbf{inr}^*(t) \mid t \in P_B\}. \end{aligned}$$

(Draw a picture of the game tree of $A \& B$; it is formed by gluing together the trees for A and B at the root. There is no overlap because we take the disjoint union of the alphabets.)

Also, define $A \otimes B$ (the ‘left biased tensor’) which differs from $A \otimes B$ only in that the positions are restricted to those in which the *first* move is made in A . And define $A \multimap_s B$ (the ‘strict linear function type’) which differs from $A \multimap B$ only in that the positions are constrained so that the *second* move must be made in A .

1. Let A, B be games. Define a *game isomorphism* to be a function

$$\psi : P_A \longrightarrow P_B$$

such that:

- ψ is a bijection
- ψ is length-preserving: $|\psi(s)| = |s|$
- ψ is prefix-preserving: $s \sqsubseteq t \Rightarrow \psi(s) \sqsubseteq \psi(t)$.

A *strict game isomorphism* is a function

$$\phi : M_A \longrightarrow M_B$$

such that:

- ϕ is a bijection
- $\lambda_A = \lambda_B \circ \phi$
- For all $s \in M_A^*$: $s \in P_A \iff \phi^*(s) \in P_B$.

We say that A and B are isomorphic if there is an isomorphism between them, and strictly isomorphic if there is a strict isomorphism between them.

- Show that if ϕ is a strict game isomorphism, then ϕ^* is a game isomorphism.
- Show that two games may be isomorphic without being strictly isomorphic.
- Show that each of the following pairs of games is isomorphic. In each case, determine whether they are strictly isomorphic.

(a) $A \cong A \otimes I$

(b) $A \otimes B \cong B \otimes A$

(c) $A \otimes (B \otimes C) \cong (A \otimes B) \otimes C$

(d) $I \multimap A \cong A$

(e) $A \multimap I \cong I$

(f) $(A \otimes B) \multimap C \cong A \multimap (B \multimap C)$

(g) $A \multimap (B \& C) \cong (A \multimap B) \& (A \multimap C)$

(h) $A \otimes B \cong (A \otimes B) \& (B \otimes A)$

(i) $(A \otimes B) \otimes C \cong A \otimes (B \otimes C)$

(j) $(A \otimes B) \multimap_s C \cong A \multimap_s (B \multimap C)$

(k) $(A \multimap B) \multimap_s C \cong B \multimap_s (C \otimes A)$

- Do we have $A \cong A \otimes A$? $A \cong A \& A$?

2. Define a strategy for the game $(\mathbb{B} \otimes \mathbb{B}) \multimap \mathbb{B}$ which implements the operation of conjunction ('and') on truth-values. Is there more than one reasonable way of doing this? Discuss.

3. Now consider the 'second-order' type

$$(\mathbb{B} \multimap \mathbb{B}) \multimap \mathbb{B}$$

Define a strategy which returns **true** if its 'argument' (a strategy of type $\mathbb{B} \multimap \mathbb{B}$) returns an answer without inspecting its input; and **false** if its argument does inspect its input. Is there a mathematical function (mapping Boolean functions to Booleans) which this strategy represents? Discuss.